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he Daily Commercial

k new party or organization is on the tapis Massachusetts, with the view of taking the d the ensuing fall. Colonel Schouler, whom eral Butler caused to be removed from the ad of Adjutant General, which he held under vernor Andrew all through the war, is talked for Governor.

Terrible was a second shock of an earthquake Nebraska City, at about 3 o'clock on the rning of the 8th inst. It was of longer du ion and more violent than that of the 24th April. Bedsteads were moved from their po ons, stove-pipes tumbled down and houses ked to and fro like ships in a heavy sea. e same shock appears to have been felt at ney, Iowa.

The managers of the Gettysburg Asylum tery scheme are out in their own defense. ey maintain that the scheme is purely for proposed asylum, and not for their own ben- , and they give notice that the institution l be built in spite of the opposition. Con- ling the truthfulness of all they say, the lot- y question, independent of its object, still re- ains, and the reasons against schemes work- on the principal are as good as ever.

The result of the London Conference has ated an active demand for our Five-twenties, ich have stiffened under the impulse. Con- erable quantities have been purchased foreign account. It is anticipated that under rtain—for the present—peace prose ct, the Germans will buy back again all the ve-twenties they have sold at London, and ve is a disposition to speculate on the ex ctation of a demand from that source.

The New Bedford *Mercury* has a letter from old shipmaster, now residing on the island of miru, New Zealand, which represents the ll of the island as wonderfully fertile. One mer, last year, raised 10,000 bushels of wheat it the trouble is no market.

The New York *Evening Post* gives a rather smal picture of the condition of the finances New York. The State owes fifty millions, e counties seventy-five, and the city forty ore. Taxation is now at the rate of $27 55 r every man, woman and child in the State.

Bishop Lamicle, of the Roman Catholic urch, died at Bardstown, Ky., on Saturday ening, after a long and painful illness. His mains will lie in state at the Cathedral, Lou ville, until this afternoon, when the funeral remonies will take place.

There is a good chance for another Yankee wyer in the Sandwich Islands. Judge George . Robertson, of the Supreme Court there, has st died, and the Islanders have no one fit to ke his place, and propose to send to the Uni d States and import a man. Mr. Phillips, om Salem, seems to be doing finely there as ttorney General.

Several gentlemen in New York have or anized themselves into a company for the pur se of developing some springs of seltzer ater, recently discovered at Saratoga. An alysis of this water has shown it to be as erior to the German in medicine properties, d has in addition a pleasanter and more pun ant taste.

The Paris (Mo.) *Mercury* of the 8th inst. says me one thousand five hundred head of cattle Monroe county have been sold to traders at to 6½ cents per pound, to be delivered ring the summer. The *Mercury* says that unty has a great many cattle in it at this me, the prairies being literally alive with em.

The Tribunal Correctionnel of Grasse, rance, has condemned Dominique Crege, milk an, to six days' imprisonment and a fine of xteen francs as guilty of having exposed for de milk diluted with water, and has also de reed that the said judgment shall be inserted i the local newspapers, and advertised in the old town in the usual place, to the number of n copies, the whole at his cost. Thrice vir tous, thrice happy Grasse!

The West has a new sensation. A young an is in the habit of visiting the large cities, nd in front of some of the finest residences, sually where a couple of young ladies happen o be sitting, when he is suddenly taken with emorrhage, the blood flowing copiously from is mouth. Of course he is taken into the ouse, where his story is that he was in the ar, has a bullet in his heart, has been impris ned and all that, which of course elicits the sympathy of the crowd, and every lady rushes own hand-omely. The fellow recovers very apidly and decamps.

The bill making eight hours a legal day's ork in New York, in the absence of contracts o the contrary, has been signed by Governor enton. The provisions of the bill are that ight hours' work between sunrise and sunset hall be regarded as a legal day's work, in the bsence of agreements to the contrary. It is rovided, however, that agricultural labor and ervice by the week, month, or year shall not e effected, nor shall persons be prevented rom contracting to work any number of hours hey please.

There is an *on dit* that $5,000,000 has been appropriated from the secret service fund for the purpose of facilitating Canadian annexation. A version of this is to be applied to establishing several Republican journals in Canada which are to advocate the cause of the Young Canada party. A great deal of dissatisfaction prevails in the provinces on account of the aggressive tide of emigrants which flows annually into the country.

So says the New York *Gazette*, but the *on dit* has not the element of probability.

Bellefonte, Pa.—This thriving village, says a correspondent, has been noted for producing great men, and indeed the society is of the most cultivated and refined kind. I need only enumerate that place was the residence of Andrew Gregg, John and William Bigler, Robert A. Walker, James Irvin, William Packer and Andrew G. Curtin, all of whom were either Governors or candidates of the prominent political parties; as also of the learned Judges of the Supreme Court, Huston and Burnside. Gregg, Irvin and Curtin were of the same family, the two Biglers were brothers, and Burnsides and Huston were brothers-in-law.

The Crops in Clarion.—The Clarion *Democrat* of last week says: We have conversed with a large number of farmers from various parts of the country during the past week, and they all state that the crops look unusually promising. The cold and wet weather has kept back the sowing of oats and preparing of corn ground, but the wheat and rye, though not so large as it sometimes is at this season, yet is well set on the ground, and not injured by the winter; and with a favorable season the harvest will be truly plentiful. The fruit has not greatly injured the fruit, and there is a good prospect for a large yield, particularly of apples.

The Newburyport *Herald*, in speaking of Simon Cameron's aspirations to the Presidency, thinks that if he could purchase the Republican Convention, as cheaply as the Pennsylvania Legislature, there would be no doubt of his being their candidate. But it thinks his purse will be like Frank Pierce, who was a very respectable statesman for New Hampshire, but rather thin in streaks when spread over the whole country; so Cameron's purse is by no means big enough for Pennsylvania, but will be rather thinner than a greenback" when applied to the whole party. "The hungry Scotchman will be left upon the bleak hills of disappointment and chagrin."

The latest phase of the Seward-Russian complication is a rumored quarrel, between the American and Russian Governments, about the payment of the cable dispatches which passed between the two powers during the recent negotiations. Our Government paid for all dispatches sent from this side, and now Russia wants us to pay for all sent from St. Petersburg. It is not likely that any serious trouble will arise in regard to this comparatively trifling item—Russia having the advantage, as it was understood that the United States, besides paying $7,350,000 in gold for Russian America, was also to pay all costs of transfer.

Value of Our New Purchase.

The *San Californian* gives us some statements about the value of the territory sold us by the Czar. The Aleutian islands are, it says, rich in furs and probably minerals. The islands known as St. Paul and St. George, of the Prebilof group, have been for several years a source of very handsome income to the Russian American company. One hundred thousand fur seal skins have been exported thence per annum. The shores of Oonalashka (a word which figures in one of the poet Campbell's sonorous lines) with the other islands of the Aleutian group are haunted by walruses, whose skin and bones are valuable articles of traffic. The fisheries so far as known are among the Choumagin group and in Bristol Bay. The trade in furs, etc., along the coast as far as Sitka would be but small, while beyond that point as far as the island of Kodiak, it would simply depend upon a successful competition with the smugglers who are already upon the grounds. In the vicinity of Oonimak Pass and off the peninsula of Alaska good fishing grounds have been found, and the volcanic nature of all the islands skirting the coast promises well for the development of their mineral resources.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. IV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1867. NO. 211.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

RICHMOND.

JEFF. DAVIS AT LARGE.

His Discharge and Arrest for Treason.

His Release on giving $100,000 Bail for Trial at Next Term.

Horace Greeley, John Minor Botts and 18 Others his Bondsmen.

Davis and Family to Visit Niagara Falls.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

RICHMOND, VA., May 13.

There was quite a crowd this morning on the street in front of Davis's hotel and the court house, but no demonstration or disorder. The court room was crowded. At eleven fifteen, General Burton entered the court with Davis, and after remarks by Messrs. O'Connor, Evarts, Chandler and Judge Underwood, he delivered Davis according to the order of the writ. The court then discharged Davis, who was immediately served with a warrant on an indictment for treason, and taken into custody by the United States Marshal.

The case was then brought to the attention of the Court, who fixed the trial for the next term. Remarks were made by Messrs. O'Connor, Evarts and Chandler, with reference to bail, and the amount, and character of the bondsmen. Remarks by the Court followed, which fixed the bail at one hundred thousand dollars, to be given by twenty different persons, half of the amount by residents of this Judicial District, and the other half by any resident of the United States. Judge Underwood paid a high compliment to General Burton for the humane manner in which he treated Davis while in prison. Judge Underwood also said he had received a letter from Chief Justice Chase, who would be present at the next term of Court, which will convene on the 25th inst.

When the announcement was made by Court of its intention to take bail, there was no demonstration, but all present were evidently pleased with the result. When the Court called for those intending to go bail, Horace Greeley, who was present all the while, rose, amid loud murmurs of satisfaction by all present, and walked around where Davis was sitting with his counsel, shook hands with him, and announced himself as one bondsman. Mrs. Davis was not in Court.

The arrangement of the sureties was then commenced, each one walking up to the Clerk's desk, and signing his name. They are for five thousand dollars each, as follows: Horace Greeley, Augustus Schell, Chas. O'Connor, New York; W. H. McFarland, Richard Burton Haxall, Isaac Davenport, Thos. R. Cruise, Abram Warwick, Richmond; Horace Clark, Henry Welch, David K. Jackson, Gustavus A. Myers, Wm. W. Crump and James Thomas, Richmond, Va.; Wm. Allen, John Minor Botts, Thos. W. Dazewell, Thos. R. Price.

The Court then commanded the Marshal to release the prisoner, which was done amid cheering and congratulations. Davis, his counsel, Greeley and others, then proceeded to the hotel in carriages, and as they appeared on the street, the dense crowd received them with cheers. The community appear delighted at the result, and Mr. Greeley could be now easily elected to any position within the gift of the citizens of Richmond.

It is said that after sojourning a short while here, Davis, with his family, will proceed to Niagara for his health. The Court room in which the case was heard this morning, was used by Davis during the rebellion as executive headquarters.

The approaching State Convention is now the subject matter of interest.

By Associated Press.

RICHMOND, May 13.—The United States Court was packed this morning. A military guard was placed around it, and a strong police force inside. About twenty ladies were among the spectators, also fifty negroes. At eleven o'clock Davis was brought in and took a seat next to his prisoner's box, with General Burton and the United States Marshal. His servant accompanied him; Davis, sitting by the open window, remarked: "It is a little cold, isn't it?" and was removed to a seat near his counsel, in front of the Judge.

General Burton's return to the writ of *habeas corpus* was read, and the Judge complimented General Burton on obeying the laws, and relieved him of the custody of Davis, and the Marshal immediately served on him a bench warrant, to answer the Norfolk indictment. Mr. O'Connor spoke of Mr. Davis's long imprisonment and feeble health, and asked that he be bailed. There being no opposition on the part of the prosecution, who fixed the amount of bail at $100,000, the Judge announced his readiness to accept bail, stating at the same time that the responsibility of the delay rested upon the Government and not upon the Court.

The District Attorney said one-half of the amount of bail should be given by persons residing in the State of Virginia. The sureties then came forward, Horace Greeley being among the first, followed by Mr. Schell, of New York, and Mr. Jacklan, of Philadelphia, and others. A number of gentlemen residing in Virginia, offered their names as bail.

Davis was congratulated by several friends, but there was no demonstration or noise of any kind. After giving bail to appear at the November term of the Court, Davis was taken by a coach to the Spottswood House.

BY MAIL.

Re-Entree of Davis to Richmond---How the People Acted--Scenes at the Hotel --His Changed Appearance, &c., &c.

The Richmond correspondent of the *Sunday Herald*, ligiving a description of the journey from Fortress Monroe to Richmond, concludes the account as follows:

At a little before 6 o'clock the boat drew near to the wharf at Rockett's. The cry, "Here she is," started the listless and the drowsy to their feet, and drew all the idlers, loungers, hackmen and the army of reporters to the water's edge, to catch the first glimpse. Negroes swarmed on top of omnibuses and on top of sheds, or stood up in carriages, while on the wharf there was a general jostling and stumbling over all sorts of impediments. Guards were stationed at the forward gangway of the boat, and just as this manœuvre had drawn the greater part of the crowd that way, a plank was laid down aft. Mrs. Davis stepped on, leaning on the arm of the Hon. James Lyon, and preceded by Mr. Robert Ould, who led the way to the carriages. Some other ladies and gentlemen followed, and in an instant more were in and driving away at full speed. Mr. Davis, General Burton, Mr. Burton Harrison, and Mr. Cooper, went in one carriage.

The crowd that now thronged around scarcely had time to make a rush before the whole party were whirling toward the city. Away went the carriages, away at full speed went the crowd of mounted artillerymen, half foot in their haste, led by the vehicles; and away after them rushing, hooting, hallooing, went a rabble of half frantic negroes, men, women and children. Large bodies of these had assembled outside the cordon of guards on a high bluff, in the streets and up the whole length of the sidewalk, and as the carriages drove furiously by, these took up the shouting and joined the pursuit, running madly in the attempt to keep up and catch a sight of the prisoner.

When the cortege wheeled into Main street the crowd following the carriages increased in numbers, and the windows, doors, and every available point was occupied by ladies and gentlemen along the Spottswood Hotel. It was easy to discern in the faces of the white citizens who stood in silence as the file along the sidewalk, a feeling of silent sympathy with the man who, though now a captive, resigned and powerless, was once their proud and cherished representative.

The three carriages conveying Mr. Davis and the party who accompanied him drove along the street at a most rapid pace, followed by the cavalry escort, with flashing sabres, who rattled over the stony pavement with a terrific clash of hoofs, raising clouds of dust in their wake. In the rear of the fast moving procession an immense crowd of men and boys, principally negroes, followed, making no other demonstration than the mere disturbance of the dust and the usual spectacle. In this quiet city, of what appeared to be half the population rushing through the streets at a panic striken rate.

The upper windows of the leading stores on Main street were occupied by fashionably dressed ladies, while the store entrances were in every instance thronged by the leading citizens of Richmond. If the negro predominated, it is only to the fact that the locality in which Mr. Davis landed is inhabited in a great measure by negroes; and having learned the fact of his arrival they followed the procession in large force to its destination. The whites, as a general thing, stood quietly by, and with a peculiarly blended expression of half sympathy, half sorrow, looked silently on. The cavalry clatter attracted the attention of a considerable number of persons in the streets adjacent to Main street, who were totally ignorant of what was going on, and these came rushing down to the principal thoroughfare of the city, adding to the already great crowd in motion.

Mr. Davis alighted from his carriage in front of the Spottswood Hotel, his bearing calm, resolute and unchanged, and passed across the sidewalk between a dense row of citizens, who elevated their hats, and with silent deference bowed their heads, while the prisoner, with his hands grasped, and wearing a smile of courteous recognition of the compliment paid him, walked into the hotel, and passed quickly up to the rooms prepared for his reception.

Shortly afterwards Mrs. Davis, accompanied by Mr. James Lyons, descended from her carriage, and passed through a file of police into the ladies' entrance of the hotel, all the gentlemen present, policemen included, uncovering their heads in silence on her appearance. The ladies of the Hollywood Memorial Bazaar thronged the windows of the building where the bazaar has been held, and many faces, suffused with tears, were clearly discernible among the fair spectators. Gazing furtively out of the windows of the hotel might be observed occasionally some beautiful southern ladies, clad in black, looking sad and tearful, and ever and anon sobbing audibly over the peculiar character of Mr. Davis's visit.

This evening, about eight o'clock, Mr. Davis, at his own request, removed to his old apartments in the hotel, which soon became a rendezvous for a select circle of his old friends and acquaintances. The Rev. Dr. Minnigerode, who preached the last sermon which Mr. Davis listened to in the South on that memorable Sunday when Lee's army retreated from Richmond, called upon him and had a most interesting interview of about half an hour. The Doctor was astonished at the change which had taken place in the appearance of Mr. Davis. He hardly believed that two years of imprisonment could bleach the captive's hair so white or produce that pallor and emaciation which Mr. Davis so visibly exhibited.

MEXICO.

VERA CRUZ CLOSELY BESIEGED.

Little Prospect of its Surrender.

The Capital Sure to Capitulate.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—The *Sun* publishes the following letter from its special correspondent in Havana: The English West India mail Steamer has arrived from Vera Cruz on the 5th inst., but brings neither papers nor letters. Vera Cruz is still closely besieged by the Liberals, who are using their only available siege piece with little effect, as only some few houses have been injured, and no lives lost. There was no probability of the Liberals taking the city unless the Imperial Generals should disagree among themselves, causing a surrender. Sickness among the besiegers is assuming alarming proportions. There are over 250 in the hospitals.

The City of Mexico is invested by Diaz. It is the intention of Marqueze to defend the city at all hazards. The besieging force numbers about 12,000, and receives additions daily. The fall of the city is considered certain. Hunger will soon compel the besieged to capitulate.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Republican Meeting Saturday Night---Large Number of Negroes Present---A Street Car Taken---Negro Candidate for Mayor.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13.—At the Republican mass meeting Saturday night in Lafayette Square, Mayor Heath presided. It was addressed by Representative Kelly, of Pennsylvania, and Messrs. Hamlin and Conway, and also the Mayor. Between four and five thousand persons were present, five-sixths negroes. The various Negro Ward Clubs marched to the meeting in procession, headed by music, and carrying numbers of banners and transparencies. Considerable excitement prevailed, the negroes as they marched along cheering and shouting lustily. No disturbance occurred until about midnight, when the negroes stopped a car in St. Charles street and cleared it of its white occupants by shoving their clubs through the windows. After taking possession, they compelled the driver to go ahead. All the liquor saloons were closed at eleven o'clock by order of the Chief of Police.

General Sheridan has issued an order removing a clerk of one of the district courts for alleged issuing of fraudulent certificates of naturalization. The Republicans are advocating the appointment of negro policemen, and there is talk of running Mr. Johnson, a prominent and extremely popular negro, for Mayor.

THE INDIANS.

Council at Fort Larned---Plain Talk from Gen. Hancock.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—The *Democrat*'s correspondent with Hancock's expedition, writing from Fort Hayes, May 3d, gives a long account of a council held between Gen. H. and Satanta, the principal chief of the Kiowas, at Fort Larned on the 1st. Satanta's speech is full of peace, and he promises to keep his young men quiet, and to use his influence with other tribes. He said the Cheyennes and Sioux abandoned their villages because they were afraid of the troops, and thought Hancock did wrong to burn them. He was opposed to the railroad running through the Arkansas river region, and charged Colonel Leavenworth with selling annuity goods belonging to the Kiowas for his own benefit.

Colonel Leavenworth replied that he had kept back annuities by an order from Washington.

Gen. Hancock replied at length, going over much the same ground as in his former speech, but laying particular stress on the point, that unless the Indians faithfully performed their treaty obligations and preserved the peace, they would be severely punished. He explained that he burnt the Cheyenne and Sioux villages because those tribes lied to him, and acted very treacherously. They began the war by burning stations and killing whites on the Smoky Hill route, and would be punished, and similar conduct on the part of other Indians would meet a like result.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Impeachment Trial--Trouble Among Printers.

NASHVILLE, May 13.—In the impeachment trial to-day, the counsel of Judge Frazer took exceptions to Senators Hall and Bosson sitting as members of the Court. Senator Hall, it was alleged, is a citizen of Kentucky, whilst Senator Bosson is a citizen of Rutherford, and represents the district wherein White county is situated, where he has not been since 1862.

The *Republican Banner* this morning declared its independence of the Typographical Union, and discharged all its old employees, who were members of that organization. The paper is now under the exclusive control of its proprietors, who conduct its editorial and mechanical departments themselves.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

The receipts of Internal Revenue on Saturday were about two hundred thousand dollars. The receipts for the week were not quite two millions.

Henry Jenkins, whose arrest in New York for embezzlement last year caused much excitement, and who was removed from prison to St. Luke's Hospital, New York, a short time since, died at the latter place Sunday.

Joe. Coburn, the pugilist, has offered to fight Jim Elliott, the victor of the recent mill near Cleveland, Ohio, for one thousand dollars a side, any time within a month. Elliott's friends say he will accept.

Sunday last was the quietest day known in New York for many years, and the excise law was very generally observed.

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Hon. Wm. D. Gallagher, of Kentucky, Commissioner to examine into the affairs of the Louisville and Portland Canal Company. Mr. Gallagher left Washington on Saturday evening to enter upon his duties. The examination will cover a period of forty years.

Judge Kelly addressed the people of New Orleans on the political status of the South, on Saturday evening. His audience was the largest mass meeting of citizens known in that city for some time. Resolutions of a strong Republican character were adopted at the meeting. The remarks of the Judge were frequently applauded.

W. R. Marsh, President of the Bank of Lexington, N. C., and D. Hampton, one of the Directors, were taken to Salisbury last Tuesday, by order of General Sickles, under the charge of embezzling the specie of the bank about the time of the surrender of the rebel General Johnson. The complaint was made by J. W. Thomas and others. The parties have had a hearing, and the evidence has been forwarded to General Sickles. The accused will remain in custody of the military until the General is heard from.

A Montgomery, Alabama, dispatch says: Senator Wilson on his trip from Atlanta addressed several white audiences, when he was severely catechised about certain customs in the North, but was able to make suitable replies to all questions. On Saturday he addressed an audience of the usual mixed character. He was introduced by General Swayne, and in the course of his speech made no reference whatever to confiscation. He was replied to by a prominent lawyer named Clayton, who urged in argument that the negro did not owe his freedom to the Republican party; that President Lincoln had promised the rebellious South two years after the commencement of the war that their slaves would be undisturbed. After the speeches, Gen. Swayne called for the sense of the colored people as to who were for the Republican party, and the response was a unanimous affirmative.

EUROPE.

BY CABLE AND MAILS.

Kings of Prussia and Russia to Visit Paris.

FUNERAL OF GOVERNOR WRIGHT.

LORD LYON AMBASSADOR TO PARIS.

The Great Eastern in Trouble.

COUNT BISMARK'S PLAN.

FRENCH VIEW OF THE CASE.

ENGLISH IDEA OF MEDIATION.

Austria's Position.

To Visit Paris.

BERLIN, May 13.—It is announced that the King of Prussia will visit Paris during the summer, in company with the Emperor of Russia.

Arrival of French Iron-Clads.

CHERBOURG, May 13.—Four iron-clads of the French fleet arrived this morning from the Gulf of Mexico.

New Ambassador to Paris.

LONDON, Evening, May 13.—Lord Lyons, formerly Minister to the United States, has been appointed to succeed Earl Cowley as Ambassador of Great Britain to Paris.

Funeral of Gov. Wright.

BERLIN, Evening, May 13.—The funeral of the late American Minister, Gov. Wright, took place to-day, and was attended by all the American residents and visitors here, and a large number of citizens.

Shipping Intelligence.

BREST, May 13.—The steamer Celia, from New York, arrived to-day.

The Great Eastern Attached.

LIVERPOOL, May 13—Evening.—An attachment has been served on the steamship Great Eastern, at the suit of her crew, for non-payment of wages.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Evening, May 13.—Consols closed at 92, 8-20@, 92⅝; Ill. nois Central, 76½; Erie, 42¼.

London Market.

LONDON, Evening, May 13.—Sugar unchanged. Breadstuffs steady at previous prices. Iron—Scotch pig firm at 53s. Oils—Linseed advanced to 43s 3s per ton.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 13, Evening.—Cotton closed at an advance of half a penny. Middling uplands, 11 3-4; Orleans, 12d. Sales 13,000 bales.

Breadstuffs—Spring wheat; sales of mixed eastern at 12s 3d 9 quarter, a decline of 3d. Wheat unchanged. Barley 4s 9d. Oats 2s 7d.

Provisions steady and unchanged. Produce—standard white petroleum declined 6d to 2s.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, May 13—F. S.—U. S. bonds, 77¾.

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

ANTWERP, May 13.—Petroleum 43 francs.

BY STEAMER.

Arrival of the City of New York--Speech of the Convicted Fenian, Burke, &c., &c.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The steamer City of New York, from Liverpool via Queenstown on the 3d, arrived to-day.

The following is an extract from the speech of the Fenian, Burke, after his conviction: "It is not my desire now, My Lords, to give utterance to one word against the verdict which has been pronounced upon me; but, fully conscious of my honor as a man, never impugned, fully conscious I can go into my grave with name and character unsullied, I can only say this, that these parties, actuated by a desire either for their own aggrandizement or to save their paltry, miserable lives, have pandered to the appetite, if I may so speak, of justice, and my life shall be the forfeit. Fully convinced of the rectitude and righteousness of my every act in connection with the late revolutionary movement in Ireland, I have nothing that would bring a blush of shame to mantle my brow. My cause and country here and in America if you like, as soldier, so before you, and even in this, my hour of trial, I feel the consciousness of having lived an honest man, and with humble shrinking and very little cinder. It chips easily, and works well. The castings were made for the Berks County Prison. Mr. Ketterman considers this mixture as good for castings. It will be seen that the mixture is only one-sixth black band iron. A ¾-inch plate, although imperfectly cast, was found to be so strong that it was with great difficulty broken up.

OHIO ITEMS.

Mr. Wm. Moore, of East Liverpool, writes to the Wellsville *Union* that he has been a Master Mason for sixty-eight years. Mr. Moore is ninety-three years old.

The Noble County *Republican* says that old John Gray, the old revolutionary veteran, who at the age of 105 years was granted a pension of $300 per annum by Congress, has received his first semi-annual instalment. This is the first money he has ever received from the Government.

Dr. J. W. Roback, of patent medicine notoriety, died suddenly at his residence, at Avondale, on Thursday morning last, of congestion of the lungs. He was sick but a few minutes, having been in his store on Wednesday attending to his business as usual.

The Warren *Chronicle* says: Andrew Anderson, of Howland, has struck the first minable stone coal ever found in Vienna. The coal was found two miles south of Payne's Corners, on the farm of Armstrong Stuart. The company has leased over one thousand acres of land for coal, adjoining the Stuart farm and near it.

There are 1,560 houses in Steubenville, which it is estimated, contain seven inmates each, making a population of 10,920.

Have the Mormons Bribed Congress?

Our last Salt Lake *Union Vedette* don't give any signs of having sold out to the Mormons. It charges the Saints with having bought up leading Congressmen—Ashley, chairman of the committee on Territories, is meant, among others—so as to stave off any more anti-Mormon legislation, and quotes this significant bragging from the Mormon paper, the *Telegraph*, as some evidence of it:

"It is a common saying that the Rothschilds have the power, by power, exercise no mean influence over the shape and color of European politics. The Mormon chiefs are moving in a similar direction. It is common enough to read in the newspapers, of 'long heads,' 'great executive and financial ability,' and well secured 'piles of the needful,' as characteristic of the chiefs of the Mormon church, while for infantry and application to the arts of peace, the Mormons have evinced an aptitude that in a few years must place them in the van in those respects. We see occasionally broad hints of this corporate body and that corporate body, that they are wealthy and that Legislature, and even Congress being particularly sensitive to money arguments, that cash will carry any measure through. Now if the Mormons, like the Jews, have the means to invest themselves in the shekels of the unrighteous Mammon, the god of this world, it will not be very difficult for them to control quite a heap of politics in the new world, as their counterparts, the Jews, may do in the old world, and would it not be a very curious thing if in a few years the polygamic Jews should control politics in the Eastern hemisphere and the polygamic Mormons in the Western hemisphere!

The Late Prize Fight.

The Detroit *Post*'s account of the late prize fight between Elliot and Davis, says: "The general opinion is that Davis sold the fight, and there seems to be no doubt of it. Of one thing, however, there is no disputing in opinion, and greatest reserve, and it believes it therefore to be its duty not to assume the responsibility of a premature political debate. It is with regret, that its perusal of the natural agitation of public opinion, it proposes an adjournment of this discussion; but the Legislative body has too much experience of diplomatic affairs not to approve this conduct. The government is, besides, resolved to discuss this *important subject* as soon as circumstances permit.

M. Schneider, the President, added that this letter had been sent to the Bureaux, which had refused to authorize the interpellations.

M. Jules Favre said: I take notice of the hopes and promises contained in M. Rouher's letter, and I demand that the government shall take no resolution on the question without consulting the Chamber.

LORD STANLEY ON ENGLAND'S MEDIATION AND NEUTRALITY.

In the House of Commons, on the 28th of April, Mr. Horsman—I wish to put a question to the noble lord the Secretary of State of Foreign Affairs, of which I have given him private notice. I wish to ask whether the noble lord has any objection to inform the House what is the present state of the negotiations respecting Luxemburg, whether it is true that those negotiations have resulted in an arrangement for a Conference in London, and whether he is prepared to lay upon the table of the House papers which will show the part the English government have taken in this transaction.

Lord Stanley—In reply to the question of the honorable gentleman, I have to state that I have reason to believe that the propositions made for a conference—propositions which *were not solely made by England, but by all the Powers neutral in this quarrel*—will be accepted by both France and Prussia. (Cheers.) More than that, although it is too early to speak with absolute confidence on the matter, yet I have every reason to hope, and even to believe, that this question of Luxemburg, which for the last fortnight has disturbed all Europe, is in a fair way to be speedily and amicably settled. (Cheers.) I fear I have no right to state to the House any details as to the present state of the negotiations, because however willing I might be—and I am always willing to state the course pursued by this government—it is obvious that I have no right to disclose the proceedings of other governments which have been communicated to me more or less confidentially without the consent of those governments. (Hear.) I may, however, take this opportunity of contradicting a report which I find has been current, that her Majesty's government has expressed decided views upon the question now in dispute between France and Prussia. No such opinion has been expressed. We certainly did express a very strong opinion in favor of settling this question by peaceable means. (Hear, hear.) I may also say that from the first, and throughout the language I have held to all parties concerned has been this—that if, unfortunately, matters took a different turn from that which they now seem likely to take, and hostilities are to break out, the *position of England in this quarrel would be one of strict and impartial neutrality.* (Cheers.)

A MORE EFFICIENT COMMAND OF THE ARMY.

A circular from the War Minister of Austria appeared in Vienna, containing new rules relating to the promotion of officers. The accompanying report to the Emperor of Archduke Albrecht, the Commander-in-Chief, lays stress upon the urgent necessity of extending the system of promotion hitherto in vogue. He calls to mind that distressing experience of 1866 proved the need of promoting intelligent officers more rapidly than was possible by the former method, and states that in future intelligent and military efficiency will be the motives governing advancement.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The grain merchants of the city have formed a Produce Exchange. The meetings are to be held in the new building of the Merchants' Exchange, in process of erection.

The Cholar Potosi Mining Company has declared a dividend of $25 per foot—the first since the consolidation of the companies.

Customs duties the past week, $149,350. Since January 1, $2,654,000.

Reported Capture of the Steamer Miner Probably Untrue.

CHICAGO, May 13.—A gentleman who left Sioux City on the 9th says nothing was known there of the reported capture of the steamer Miner and the massacre of those on board.

Gov. Fairchild at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, May 13.—Governor Fairchild, of Wisconsin, called on Governor Curtin to-day, and was escorted by him through the public buildings. Governor Fairchild lost an arm at Gettysburg.

From Ottawa, C. W.

OTTAWA, C. W., May 13.—At at meeting of the Executive Councils on Saturday, Senators for Quebec and Ontario were adopted and telegraphed to England.

STATE MINERAL DEVELOPMENTS.

The Dunkard Gold Shaft Progressing---Lead Discovered in Greene County---Black Band Ore Developments in Schuylkill.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

CARMICHAELS, PA., May 10, 1867.

I have to report that the gold shaft, on Dunkard Creek, Keener Farm, is down something over one hundred feet, and that operations are again resumed. Three or four new wells are being bored with a view of testing the quarta vein.

A few oil wells have resumed pumping operations.

Lead has been discovered recently in Greene county. It is expected that mining will be commenced this summer.

Yours, H.

The Pottsville *Standard* of last week says: Specimens of ore, resembling black band, have been found in a tunnel near Minersville. We learn that a vein of black band has been opened on the property of Mr. Bullock, northeast of Minersville. It is 5½ feet thick on the north dip, and 3 feet 6 inches thick on the south dip. Mr. John Ketterman, who is now working the Union Foundry, at Reading, is using a mixture composed of one-half Lahigan's iron (from the Lehigh coal and iron region), one-fourth Clair, which is one third Mc Kinna black band, and one-half Robesonia iron, made from Cornwall (Lebanon county) ores. The result is a very strong, dough casting, with but little shrinkage,

The Late Prize Fight.

The Detroit *Post*'s account of the late prize fight between Elliot and Davis, says: "The general opinion is that Davis sold the fight, and there seems to be no doubt of it. Of one thing, however, there is no disputing in opinion, and that is that the whole thing was a humbug of the first water. It is also thought, and with good reason, too, that the whole performance was a "put up" affair, and was only gotten up that a few knowing ones might make a speculation out of it. The whole was a most disgusting and debasing exhibition, and we trust for the credit of humanity that it will never be repeated in this region of the country."

The New York *Tribune* says:

Much dissatisfaction was, however, expressed at the shortness of the contest, and it was asserted by many that the result had been arranged and the fight sold. There was most unquestionably much ground for this conduct of the parties for this view of the case, but since it is impossible to arrive at the fact with any degree of certainty, no relation of circumstances would be of any value.

MR. FIELD, of Birmingham, England, a member of the Board of Trade in that place, is now on a visit to this country as a delegate from the associated Boards of Trade that meet in London, to the Trade Boards of the United States. He has already had an interview with the Directors of several Boards of Trade. An important part of his mission is to secure as far as practicable the influence of American merchants in favor of additional protection to private property now exposed, in event of war, to peril from privateers.

The Georgia and Mississippi injunction cases were dismissed for want of jurisdiction. The decision of the Court will be delivered hereafter.

Soutter et al. vs. Lacrosse and Milwaukee Railroad, judgment affirmed.

Walcutt vs. Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company, affirmed.

Des Moines Navigation and Railroad Company vs. Burr. Reversed and cause remanded.

The Milwaukee and Minnesota Railroad Company vs. Soutter & Co., decree annulled and case remanded, with direction to enter a *nolle* against the Marshal who made the sale, to report it to that Court for further proceedings to be had thereon, not inconsistent with this opinion.

In the Court of Claims, given in the case of John C. Fremont for the use of Jackson et al. vs. United States, finding $15,[illegible] due the claimant.

SABBATH SCHOOL PARADE.

The annual Sabbath School parade took place to-day. Thirty-five schools were represented, about 8,000 children being in the line of the procession.

MISSISSIPPI CASE NOT DISMISSED.

The Georgia injunction case only was dismissed to-day for the want of jurisdiction. The case of Mississippi, as amended, making Arkansas a party to the complaint, and covering Gen. Ord's action with regard to the treasury of the latter State, will probably be argued Friday. It is hoped by the complainants that the Arkansas treasury case will furnish a property clause upon which the Court can base jurisdiction.

SECOND EDITION.

1 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

INJUNCTION CASES DISMISSED.

REGISTRATION IN LOUISIANA.

Five Colored to One White Registered.

Great Suffering in Louisiana from the Floods.

Progresss of impeachment Investigation.

Booth's Diary Not Spoliated When Taken from His Body.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, May 13, 1867.

Injunction Cases Dismissed.

There was a large attendance in the Supreme Court to-day, especially among the members of the bar, awaiting the decision in the Georgia and Mississippi applications for an injunction against the enforcement of the reconstruction act. Attorney General Stanbery, ex-Attorney Generals Cushing and Black, Governor Marvin, of Florida, Robert J. Walker, Governor Parsons, of Alabama, and others were present. After a large number of decisions had been announced, the Chief Justice said: "I am instructed by the Court to deliver its decision in the case of the State of Georgia against Edwin M. Stanton, John Pope, *et al.*, and to dismiss the case for want of jurisdiction. The opinion of the Court will be read hereafter."

It was expected by the counsel for the State that one of the associated Justices would state that some of the Judges dissented from the decision, but no such announcement was made. The full opinion on the legal questions involved will not be read before December next. Nothing was said about the Mississippi case, but it is virtually settled by the decision rendered in the Georgia case.

The Virginias.

The important question involving the legality of the present State of Virginia and the status of West Virginia, which arose on the cession of the counties of Berkley and Jefferson, was not decided to-day by the Supreme Court, but continued over until the December term, for the purpose of keeping it under advisement.

Louisiana Registration.

Advices from New Orleans received to-night show that fifteen thousand persons have been registered there as voters under the Reconstruction act. The white people are registered very freely now, but the colored men already have several thousand majority in the State of Louisiana. Returns from registration districts show that five colored men to one white are being registered on the average.

Great Suffering from the Floods.

Reports to the Freedmen's Bureau by telegraph show great suffering in Louisiana by floods. Whole families were on the point of starvation. At Brashear City steamboats were seized by order of the Bureau, so that women and children floating on rafts and house tops might be rescued. Gen. Brown ordered the Mayor of that place to seize every steamer, owing to the refusal of the Captains to allow them to be used for so humane a purpose.

Leaves of Absence.

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1867.

JEFFERSON DAVIS must have felt a very large coal of fire resting on his head, when HORACE GREELEY, in open court, offered himself as his bail, the charge being treason, wherein the punishment is death.

OUR special Richmond dispatches will be read with interest. MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS and MR. HORACE GREELEY are the two most conspicuous objects in the scenes described. We don't wish to be understood as holding them in the same estimation. MR. GREELEY had a right to go DAVIS's bail, but we suspect DAVIS wished it had been somebody else. It seems to be settled that DAVIS will have a speedy trial, when the Chief Justice will preside, on the charge of high treason. After having been confined more than two years he has been set at liberty, soon to be arraigned on the charge on which he should have been tried long ago. No one supposes the chances of having justice done have been improved by the delay.

WE appear to have been slightly mistaken in supposing that the success of the eight hour law had killed it. The gentlemen who have made an easy-living out of hard workingmen, by speechifying, for a year or two past, in favor of the law as the making up of working men, are not satisfied to give up their good position so readily. Therefore, although they have got all they asked for, and all they said was necessary, they are trying now to start another *ignis fatuus* for their future capital. It is the formation of an eight hour party. As party is a great thing to have, they seem to anticipate another era of success among the workingmen. We imagine their past history will not be greatly helpful to their securing the confidence of the class they have discarded before.

MR. DAVIS must notice something of a change in Richmond, the Capital of his former dominions, since he saw that city last. The military features of the place have undergone a decided alteration, and the condition of the colored race a scarcely less remarkable one. MR. DAVIS has, no doubt, observed both these changes during his short stay in the city. Should he visit Libby and Castle Thunder, he will notice a decided improvement, since the days when these famous institutions were under his superintendence. Amid all the changes that time and good government and a higher civilization have made, MR. DAVIS will be gratified to find one thing substantially the same as it was when there was a Confederacy, and that is the spirit of the Richmond press.

THE dispatches say that when the bailing process had been gone through, the people of Richmond felt so grateful to MR. GREELEY that they would have conferred on him any office in their gift. To say nothing of this curious manifestation of human impulse, this sort of thing must have been not a little distasteful to JEFF., who had a right to expect all the honors. Let no man—no one in Richmond or all the South—think that MR. GREELEY has any other feeling for DAVIS's offense than of utter detestation. It was for justice he stood; and according to his view it was but just DAVIS should have bail. MR. GREELEY has been consistent in demanding for him a trial or liberty. Now that he has been gratified, it remains for the court and jury to complete the work of justice. If DAVIS, the day he was captured, was guilty of treason, he is no less guilty of that crime to-day. If, as the head of the rebellion, he committed not treason, what name shall be given to his offense? If it was treason at any time, is it not treason now? The essence of justice has not changed during the two years of mourning for the dead, slain in battle waged to save the Republic he would have destroyed.

A PHILADELPHIA paper complains that the trial and conviction of WINNEMORE, the murderer, was too speedy. The murder—which was one of peculiar barbarity—was committed on the 25th of April. On the 10th of May the culprit was convicted of the crime. The guilt was clearly made out, and the hanging—if it were to take place at all—could not be too soon. The paper to which we refer, while objecting—unreasonably we think—to this speedy process of justice, does make a good point when it refers to the fact that the court docket is weighed down with old cases, and that procrastination, not expedition, has been the rule in the courts. Just here, we fancy, a grave evil is touched upon. Men before committing crimes canvass their chances; and it is not to be doubted that the chronic delay in the administering of justice—the repeated postponements—and in some cases the final defeat of justice, are among the very first things that enter into the calculation. Let the case be reversed—let detection, if possible, be made more certain; at any rate, after detection, let punishment speedily follow; in view of the prevalence of crime, let it be severe as well as speedy, and a diminution of crime will be seen at once. Here is something for the ministers of justice to think of. There are grave admonitions in the signs of the times touching crime and punishment, and we feel to applaud, rather than condemn, the example set by the Philadelphia Court.

IT is interesting to observe the responses on the part of the Republican press, and public men speaking for the party, to the letter of THADDEUS STEVENS taking Senator WILSON to task for sentiments uttered on the stump in the South. What Mr. STEVENS was particular to say was, that the present Law of Reconstruction was not a finality, even though the South fully accepted its terms, but that other and more severe ones would be pushed on the South—among the rest "mild confiscation." With very inconsiderable exceptions, there has been no approving response to Mr. STEVENS's letter, but almost universal dissent from it. The effect of a manifesto of this kind from a man who has been so conspicuous in his efforts to shapen the policy of Reconstruction, has nowhere been favorable. In the South, in particular, it has been otherwise, for it has embarrassed the labors not only of Mr. WILSON, but the supporters of the policy of Congress in general—an embarrassment that has been very materially relieved, however, by the prompt and all-but unanimous dissent to which we have referred.

Although a careful survey of the labors of Congress, in devising a way to bring the revolted States into their proper relations as members of this Union, will disclose the fact that the propositions of Mr. STEVENS have been seldom agreed to, yet what has been regarded as his extreme policy though not succeeding, has doubtless exerted a favorable influence in holding Congress and public sentiment up to a line that included within its circle the ends for which the war was prosecuted. That line, once established, however, was not to be disturbed; to do so would be a breach of faith, and the postponement of Reconstruction under circumstances that would work injuriously to the great interests of the country. In proposing to do so, Mr. STEVENS was clearly wrong, and taking for his guide and instruction well-developed public sentiment he himself must perceive this and be ready to relinquish the idea of pushing for new measures.

THE NIMBLE SIXPENCE.

There was a method of trade which many thought profitable when it was in use. It consisted in selling at moderate, or, we may say, small profits, and making up by the extent of business for the inconsiderable profits of individual sales. Alas! that we should have to say there *was* such a method —*Illium fuit*—and with the implication and to all purchasers, that it is past and gone. The "nimble sixpence" that then characterized that style of selling, or, as it was proverbially and more fully expressed, the "small profits and quick returns," have become historical for years bygone, and a cent-per-cent style, or something nearly approaching it, has had a popular run.

In some trades and in some localities the new method or fashion, for such it is, has run itself out of breath, and a pause and a rest and a change have ensued, with some promise of a return to the "ancient and honorable" style of buying and selling. A New York paper informs us that "even on Broadway a number of large retail business houses have lately adopted the principle of small profits, expecting, of course, large sales." This is a result of lessons learned from experience. For some time past, it is now admitted, enormous profits have been demanded for everything bought in Broadway, until "an incalculable amount of trade has been driven out of Broadway, that might easily have been kept there."

It is not in Broadway, nor in New York alone, that this policy has produced this result. And it is not there alone that the return to a "principle of moderate profits" would be followed by an increase of business, and of aggregate gains. The slackness of trade very generally complained of is owing to an evident indisposition in the community to make purchases beyond what are absolutely necessary. This strong tendency to economy and retrenchment can be counteracted in no way more surely or more safely, than by holding out the inducement of moderate profits on the part of sellers. This appears to be the sober second thought of the dealers in Broadway, who, for sagacity and shrewdness, are generally safe models to follow.

ANOTHER CAUTION.

The death of two girls, by suffocation, at a boarding school in Eastern Pennsylvania, is attributed to an escape into their room of coal gas from a stove pipe. It appears that eight servant girls connected with the establishment slept in one not very large room which had but one door and but one window, both of which were shut. It would hardly be necessary to bring in carbon acid from a stove pipe to produce the casualty, since the breathing of so many persons in a close room, for the long hours of the night, would furnish enough of the article to produce the sad result.

That such an arrangement for sleeping should exist in an institution of learning is surprising. They surely have Physiology as one of the studies in their curriculum, and it teaches something, we imagine, about the consumption of oxygen and the production of carbonic gas, in the process of respiration. It suggests some cautions about close rooms, and the necessity of ventilation. Chemistry is probably one of the studies, too, which does not reckon carbon acid as one of the supporters of animal life, but, on the contrary, as no less fatal to those surrounded by it than water is to those held under it. It is amazing that, after so many fatal cases of suffocation by bad air in sleeping rooms, people are still found so utterly careless about it. We, therefore, refer to this case in this way, to warn our readers against sleeping in close, unventilated rooms. The "night air," so much dreaded by many, is less noxious, as it is under the clear canopy of the sky, than as it often is in close, crowded sleeping rooms, where every pair of lungs is pouring out carbonic acid gas by the half gallon at every breath. We hope our readers will take warning, and, as they cannot conveniently stop breathing while asleep, they are advised to let in some outside air, to drive out or at least dilute the noxious gas. Educational institutions are especially exhorted to consult their own text books on the advantages to health of breathing atmospheric air, rather than those deadly gases, especially those exhaled from the animal body.

Arson.

The multiplicity of conflagrations all over the country, has convinced insurance companies, that owing to the depression in business, many are burning their property in order to secure the insurance. They, in fact, claim that in past years, destruction of property has always been greatest during periods of financial stagnation. However this may be, it is certainly noticeable that an unusual number of fires are occurring all over the country. Nor are these conflagrations confined to Jew policy holders. For a long time past, the villages of Rondout and Kingston have averaged nearly a fire a week. A Chicago paper declares—

No one can resist the apprehension that the crime of arson is attended with unwonted virulence in Chicago, and that every possible exertion must be made to check it both on the part of the police and the public. The probability is, that the present cold, foul weather, and lack of employment, is the occasion of arson by those who hope to escape suspicion under the cloud raised by the labor movement.

An Interesting Entertainment.

About forty pupils of the Institution of the Blind in Philadelphia, with their teachers, will give a series of musical entertainments in City Hall, in Pittsburgh, on the 21st, 22d and 23d instant, morning and evening. They will at the same time and in the same place, offer for sale a great variety of articles of ornament and utility, made by themselves, for the benefit of the institution. It is not necessary that we should offer a single word to awaken among our citizens a feeling in support of this manly, worthy enterprise. The musical entertainment —instrumental and vocal—will of itself be of no ordinary character, and should be sufficient to call out large numbers. But it is the deserving character of the object to be patronized that speaks loudest, and we should be glad to have it turn out that the visit of the pupils and their instructors was not without substantial benefits.

THE spasmodic effort in behalf of public order and virtue in New York city seems to have proved a failure. The order issued by police authority under the law, to close on Sundays the places of business and recreation, and especially the drinking houses, was formally suspended on last Sunday. It was found to be too great a shock to the moral views and habits of large numbers of people, who, as we intimated the other day, were inclined to apply their virtuous principles, in the shape of a riot, for their relief from the rule of law. Whether the succumbing of the authorities to this class of persons will make good citizens of them, can only be learned from future developments. The New York *Sun*, while softening the case down as much as possible, yet maintains that "if no restraint were placed on the public, in regard to observing the Sabbath, custom would soon tolerate encroachments that would now be looked upon with horror." The action in this case may, we fear, encourage aggressions in that direction.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Times*, who appears to speak from close observation, enters into the discussion as to the extent of the corruption in the Legislature at Albany, and pronounces judgment in terms extremely unfavorable to that body. He tells among other stories the following, to illustrate the entire loss of all sense of shame by the sellers of votes:

"On one occasion two of the railroad interests came into open competition on the Assembly floor on a motion to prefer one of them. A most extraordinary scene ensued, a violent commotion was manifested, members rushed wildly about the chamber, the rival squads of lobbymen occupied the rear benches, and were constantly and rapidly sending communications to the members, votes were changed continually as these messages were received, and the party which was pretty well known to have the longest purse carried the day. It was a standing joke about the hotels that afternoon that there was an auction on the floor that morning."

IN Massachusetts, under the protective enactments of the Legislature, experiments for the preservation and propagation of fish have been for some time going on. Fish dams and ways, and other contrivances for inducing fish to ascend the rivers with the view of restocking them with shad, salmon and other varieties nearly extinct or quite rare, have been constructed, and other active agencies are being employed looking directly to the recovery of the ground which the little less than vandalism of sportsmen has caused to be lost. There is scarcely anything more worthy of the thought and action of legislators than the preservation and propagation of fish in our rivers, and in this respect Massachusetts has set an example which we wish might be imitated in Pennsylvania. Who will think the matter up and prepare the right kind of law?

THE *Saturday Review* says of Mr. "Whipple's Character and Characteristic men:" "We should observe that nearly all these essays were written before the civil war—a circumstance which gives to some of them as obsolete an air as would attach among ourselves to similar papers written before the Reform Act of 1832." The criticism is just; but what should be said of Saxe for reading, at one hundred dollars a night, the old poem entitled "New England," written twenty years ago, with twenty lines added to commemorate her subsequent history?

IT is understood that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad managers decline to come into any arrangement either as to freight or passengers, but will go on its "own hook," as the only policy whereby its interest can be protected.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Lake Champlain is open. The next thing to a visit is an inspection of the colored engravings of the incomparable scenery in Gillespie's window, Wood street.

A deficiency in the cash account of the First National Bank of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, recently led to investigations which resulted in finding the nest of a mouse composed of five fifty dollar greenbacks, with a layer of fine stuff made by tearing up smaller bills. Very few large persons have been able to indulge in so expensive a bed.

The *Building News* says, on the authority of Liebig, that "the quantity of soap consumed by a nation would be no inaccurate measure wherewith to estimate its wealth and civilization." This is another of those rules to which exceptions at once suggest themselves. There are few nations who use more soap than the Turks, in their hot air baths. Yet the Turks are the least civilized nation in Europe. The French are deemed to stand at the head of civilized nations; yet in the use of soap a Frenchman's consumption is to that of an Englishman as ounces are to pounds.

There is in London a curious organ called the *Morning Advertiser*. It is the property of a society of publicans, and every keeper of a public house who is a member of the society has to take it in. Its mission is to defend the public house and drinking system against all enemies; and I hardly need add that the glories of the lower kinds of sports, especially prize-fighting, are carefully sung in its columns. Nevertheless, the editor of this journal is no other than a strict Presbyterian—one James Grant—whose spare hours are devoted to theology. When not defending the gin-sellers, the *Advertiser* is attacking every order of "heretics" in religion.

A Paris correspondent says: "I have never in my life witnessed such barefaced extortion as now is practiced in Paris. A friend of my own, paying thirty-one francs for a small *addon*, about as big as his family vault, in the Grand Hotel, finds the price raised one day to fifty francs. Now, 4700 is a fair rent for a space into which you would not turn your worst hunter, if you wished to give him a loose box; but then they do not even profess to say that they will not further aggravate their charges; and you will kindly observe that as yet nobody has come; these are mere anticipatory prices—the bud of spring. Heaven help all comers from the full blossom of summer."

In order to guard his fold against the ritualists, the Bishop of Manchester, England, now propounds the following queries, among others, to candidates for priest's orders: "What are the rules of our church with respect to the bread and wine used at the Lord's Supper, and with respect to the consecration of the elements, and what breaches of these rules have been fallen into by some few clergy? State the reasons there are against these practices. What vestments are to be used by the clergy in their administrations? Give your reasons against reviving the use of obsolete vestments, such as the cope and the chasuble."

The Philadelphia "Press Club," composed of newspaper men, are in favor of doing away with the system of free passes and dead-head tickets, and thus securing for the profession that true independence which would result from such a course.

The contributions last year of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, New York, (Rev. Dr. Adams), in addition to Church expenses, amounted to $96,697. Sixty-two during the year were added to the Church by profession, and sixty-two by letter; the present membership is 1067.

A countryman sold an old stove in Worcester, Mass., and on returning home learned that his daughter had placed in the stove oven a box containing $200, and all his deeds and valuable papers. He returned to the city in hot haste, and after considerable delay and anxiety, recovered his property.

The Albany folks have a new style of shell boats made of tin. The Troy *Times* says: "We shall beat that. A young Trojan is engaged in the construction of a paper board shell boat, which will weigh less than forty pounds and be of the usual size. The paper is to be covered with a chemical preparation invented by the getter-up of the boat, which will render it entirely impervious to water, and it will be as strong as an ordinary shell boat."

The important discovery made by Dr. W. B. Richardson, that parts of the body can be rendered insensible to pain at the will of an operator, has been introduced into veterinary practice, and with such success that we ought to hear no more of horses being tortured by operations. This "local anæsthesia," as it is called, is produced by directing a shower of ether spray on the part afflicted, and from an instrument which acts as a fountain, throwing off the finest dew. In a short time after the instrument has been let to play on any part of the head, body or limbs, all feeling ceases in that particular spot.

PERSONAL.

—Commodore Wilkes is in North Carolina, managing some iron mines. His residence on President's Square, Washington—the old Madison House—is for rent.

—The New York Metropolitan Police District, with a population of about 1,500,000, has a police force of less than 2,300. London, having a population of about 4,000,000, has a police force of 7,548, which shows that the people of London need fully as much watching as do those of this metropolis, and indicates that New York is, after all, not the worst city in the world.

—Here is Mr. Peabody's own version of the story that he once sawed wood in Concord to pay for a night's lodging. He had been to school in Vermont, and was on his way home to Danver, Massachusetts. Arriving in Concord on foot, late at night, he put up, not at the Columbian, but at the old "Stickney Tavern." Having no money, he went supperless to bed, and the next morning he did, as stated, stop and saw wood to pay for his lodging and breakfast.

—John Bright's crest, according to a recent writer on Heraldry, is "a dragon's head gules, vomiting flames of fire." Not a bad emblem of a political orator.

—The Queen of Spain, on Good Friday, after having attended Divine service in the royal chapel, washed and kissed the feet of twelve poor old men, and the King did the same for twelve others. All of them were supplied with new clothes, and afterward conducted to tables on which a plentiful repast was spread out for their use, after which they were, it is presumed, told to make themselves scarce.

—Ullmann, the manager, is in London, having engaged opera musicals for America, among them R. Willmers, the pianist. Says a London letter: Ullmann goes to Russia and the East with Carlotta Patti, Eugene Ketterer, and some other artists, starting this week. Adelina Patti sang last Sunday, for the last time, in the "Barbiere." I heard her in the opera, but could discover no improvement in her singing since her performances in America. Her acting, however, is charming. It may seem sacrilegious to you, but I find her voice rather fatigued, and not equal in all the registers.

—The Rev. Peter Randolph, who has gone to Boston to visit his family, is a native of Virginia, and was a slave until he was twenty-four years of age. Having, after much difficulty, obtained his emancipation, he went to Massachusetts, where he studied and was ordained. After the occupation of Richmond by the Union troops Mr. Randolph returned there, and has been the pastor of the Ebenezer Church, ever since. He has been eminently useful as a minister and as a citizen, and is a strong Republican.

—A large gathering of Roman Catholic bishops takes place at Rome in June, and in the following September there is to be at Lambeth what is barbarously called a "Pan-Anglican Council," consisting of bishops in communion with the Church of England over the world. The council is to make no attempt to define doctrines, but to limit itself to the discussion of "practical questions," and each bishop is asked to suggest some topic, making known his wish in a letter to the Archbishop of Canton. Bishop Colenso is not to be invited, but it is said that he intends coming nevertheless, so that possibly the world may be edified by a "row."

—The graduating classes of the West Point Military Academy keep up the custom of presenting a silver "baby cup" to the member of the class to whom a child is first born. The class of 1865 has awarded the cup for that year to First Lieutenant Frederick W. Bailey, now in San Francisco.

—It is said that Beecher's novel is likely to create a schism. To allay apprehension the author of the assertion explains by calling it criticism. At first it was thought to be a little clean, but everybody at once saw the absurdity of the thing.

—It is related of the famous Dragonetti, that, after performing a most fatiguing solo on the double-bass, he obstinately refused to obey the call for an encore. The public in vain insisted upon the solo being repeated. After considerable delay, the Venetian participant of the contrabasso explained to the manager, in his own peculiar cosmopolitan language, "Das *I play encora*, mais si paga encora! per Bacco!" (*Anglice*—"Well, I play *encore*, but you pay *encore*!") and ten guineas was the penalty which this encore cost the manager. If popular singers annoyed with the public appetite for encores, were to pursue the same system, managers would soon adopt means to suppress the nuisance, or else singers would become millionaires.

THE writer of a London letter remarks that, without knowing how it is in the United States, in England it has happened that a man of usefulness or ability has no sooner become a convert to modern "spiritualism," than his worth to society and his faculties have declined and deteriorated. He says, so far as his observation extends, without an exception, they have either withdrawn from their sphere of beneficent activity, or have remained in it to make other people uncomfortable or themselves ridiculous. In literature, neither William nor Mary Howitt has written a book worth reading a second time since the new light broke upon them. Other instances are cited in proof of the proposition, which, while it is rather sweeping, has in it essential elements of truth.

MOTHS, MOTHS, MOTHS.

CEDAR CAMPHOR,
CEDAR CAMPHOR,
BOWDEN'S MOTH PACKET.
BOWDEN'S MOTH PACKET.
GUM CAMPHOR.
GUM CAMPHOR.

The above articles we are prepared to sell low. Also the finest assortment of Medicinal Liquors in the city, consisting of Pure Old Rye Whisky, Cognac Brandy, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines, California Wines and Brandy, and a very fine assortment of English and Scotch Ales and Dunbin Brown Stout. Also, a stock of Paints, White Lead and Oils that cannot be surpassed for quality or variety.
McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, Druggists.
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CONSUMPTION CURABLE.

Its icy hand falls alike upon youthful innocence and hoary-headed age. Some of the prominent symptoms are Cough, Expectorant, Shortness of Breath, Irritation about the Lungs and Chest, darting Pains in the Side and Back, Emaciation, and a general negative condition of the whole system.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON'S Prepared Prescription for the cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS, has now been in use over ten years with the most marked success.

The Remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's personal supervision, also a pamphlet containing the original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of the following reliable Druggist,

JOSEPH FLEMING,

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Each package will bear his written signature across the end of the box. For pamphlet containing the original prescription, the Prepared Remedy, or more full particulars, address or call on the above agent, or

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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THE NEW SHAPE FOR

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J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRTS,

The Handsomest and most Comfortable Style yet introduced.

(*SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES.*)

Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

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AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

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1 cask "Bollman's" pure Wine Vinegar;
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& HUGUS,

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Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock, and offer special inducements in

DRESS GOODS,

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SHEETINGS,

WHITE GOODS,

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Cloths,

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Notions, &c.

All goods bought for Cash, and therefore can be sold at the LOWEST EASTERN RATES.

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Good, prime and choice Rio, Java, Maracaibo and Ceylon Coffee.
165 buds. good to choice P. R. and Cuba Sugar.
25 hhds. choice Clarified Sugar.
200 boxes Muscovado and Havana Sugar.
250 bbls. choice New Orleans Molasses.
225 half chests assorted Teas.
Also, a full stock of other goods kept by Grocers; all of which will be sold at the very lowest market values, by

ARBUCKLES & CO.,

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SUBSTITUTE FOR PULLEYS,

CATLIN'S SASH LOCK and SUPPORTER,

Locks either sash, up or down, and supports either one at any height.

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DEALERS IN

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THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LOAN on Real Estate in sums of from $1,000 to $10,000. Real Estate of all kinds bought and sold.

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FOR TAILORS,

FOR DRESSMAKERS,
FOR SHOEMAKERS,
FOR SADDLERS,
FOR CARRIAGE TRIMMERS,

THE ÆTNA

SEWING MACHINES

ARE THE BEST IN USE.

Call and see them at 24 FIFTH STREET.

BOWDOIN & GIBSON, Agents.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

MT. VERNON GROVE.

A MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY SEAT, situated on the Ohio river, four miles from the city, and a few rods from Neville Station, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, in a pleasant neighborhood, surrounded by beautiful country houses, near to New Brighton Turnpike, and within a short distance of Postoffice, Store, School House and handsome Church.

This very desirable Grove contains TWENTY-SEVEN ACRES, (27) with a front of sixteen hundred feet on the Ohio river, and Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, and the handsome forest trees being a proper distance from each other, and having a protection from the cold northwestern winds in winter by the adjoining property, makes it both a pleasant retreat in summer, and a warm location for a home in winter. The ground is elevated sufficiently to prevent annoyance from the railroad, and commands a grand view of the Ohio river, and surrounding country from Manchester to the foot of Neville Island. It is watered by several never-failing springs of good water, and the forest trees are chiefly fine large oaks, maple, with a few chestnut and hickory.

Those desiring a rare and beautiful location for a country home, would do well to visit Mount Vernon Grove. Belonging to this property is a valuable Eddy stone quarry on the railroad there is sufficient stone for any building purposes. It is a splendid site for a shipping yard for coal, or for manufacturing purposes. For further particulars, inquire of

JOHN D. BAILEY,

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PATENT SASH.

Advantages Claimed.

1st. NEATNESS—Both Sash appearing as one.
2d. CLEANLINESS—A close fitting rabbit excludes soot and dust.
3d. COMFORT—Air drafts are also excluded, and rattling prevented.
4th. SAFETY—Allowing of the simplest and most effective application of sash bolts.
5th. ECONOMY—Any window can be speedily altered at trifling cost.
By an ingenious method, though the upper and lower sash are flush, one immediately over the other, and rabitted, yet when not closed, they pass each other as usual.
☞ Model to be seen at this office.
RIGHTS FOR SALE. 2p

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Neats Foot, Tanners, Lard,
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OILS.

Naval Stores and Petroleum,

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CASTOR OIL,

In Banker's Patent 5 and 10 Gallon Cans.

NEWFOUNDLAND OIL CO.'S CELEBRATED

Cod Liver Oil,

WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE

ISAIAH WOODBURY,

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26 DEY STREET,

NEW YORK.

IMPORTANT TO MACHINISTS.

The Mystic Iron Works,

OF MYSTIC BRIDGE, CONN., OFFER FOR SALE

IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Their entire stock of MACHINERY, TOOLS and STOCK, consisting of every thing appertaining to a large MACHINE SHOP, PATTERN SHOP, BOILER and FLANGE SHOP, BLACKSMITH SHOP and FOUNDRY, consisting of Lathes, Planers, Upright and Horizontal Drills, (of Corliss's pattern,) Reamers, Taps, Dyes, Mandrels, Forging Machine, Wood Lathes and Planers, Piping Tools, Circular and Jig Saws, Boiler Rolls, Punches, Shears, Hanging Drills, Tube Expanders, Cast Iron Forges, Sledge Hammers, Trip Hammers, Blower and Pipe, McKenzie's largest Cupola and Blower, one smaller size do., 2 Tasks Trucks, and large quantities of Iron and Steel Tools necessary for all branches of Machine, Boiler and Foundry Business, three large Cranes, new, 25 feet Posts, 30 to 40 feet Arms, capable of lifting 10 to 20 tons; 1 pair Shears to hoisting 60 feet, with Falls, Blocks, Hoisting Machine, Harlan & Hollingsworth's pattern, all nearly new and capable of lifting 75 tons. Marine Engine Patterns and Drawings of the latest and most improved designs, from 10 to 160 H. P. Cylinder 4 to 48 in. single upright, inclined and horizontal, Steamboat Hoisting and Portable Engine Patterns and Drawings. Also, Stock of Iron and Steel, Files, Boiler and Scrap Iron, Brass Fittings, Pipe Fittings, 4 new Portable Engines, 1 of 20 H. P. Wheels 12 feet in diameter, 1 Flue Boiler, 4 by 24, &c., &c.

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TYRONE WHITE LIME.
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CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN and WATER PIPES.
STONE HEARTHS, 1-2 to 4 inches thick.

ALSO,

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MARBLE AND SLATE TILE.
MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, furnished at lowest New York prices.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

167 FIRST STREET

Opposite Monongahela House.

REFINERY INTEREST FOR SALE.

The Executors and Administrators of J. M. PORTER and JOSEPH CRAWFORD, deceased, will expose at public sale, all the right, title, interest and claim of two-fifths of the "ATLANTIC OIL REFINERY," consisting of the above interest in two shares of one-fifth each. The said Refinery is eligibly situated on the Allegheny River and Allegheny Valley Railroad, about two miles above Pittsburgh, with abundance of fine spring water, with a capacity of manufacturing 225 barrels of Refined Oil per week. Also in connection with the above will be sold some three hundred Crude Oil Barrels, one second-hand Still, &c.

The above sale will take place at ARNOLD STATION, Allegheny Valley Railroad, on THURSDAY, the 16th of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Terms cash.

JAMES P. PORTER,
JOSEPH CRAWFORD,
WM. V. EVANS,
JAMES McCALL, Sr.,
Executors.

R. D. HUMES,
JACOB WALTERS,
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BEAUTIFUL OIL PAINTINGS & GOLD FRAMES ON CANVAS.

A NEW ARTICLE, AT

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PITTSBURGH NURSERY AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.) NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Grape Vines and Greenhouse Plants, &c. Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouse every fifteen minutes.

BREAD BOXES,

Cake Boxes, Spice Boxes, Deed Boxes, Cash Boxes, Knife Boxes, Grocery Boxes, &c., &c., at the Housefurnishing Store of

T. H. RICHARDS,

no14 30 FIFTH ST.

PRESERVED AND DRY GINGER.

1 case PRESERVED GINGER, in pots;
1 case CONSERVE or DRY GINGER, in boxes;

To arrive and for sale by

REYMER & BROS.

THE ELLIPTIC

SEWING MACHINES

Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the New York and Pennsylvania State Fairs, and at Maryland Institute for 1866. Has all the

Wheeler & Wilson Improvements.

And some which are used on no other machine. They never fail to give perfect satisfaction.

Call and see them at

21 FIFTH STREET.

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Great Western Planing Mill

AND

Lumber Yard,

Sash and Door Factory.

Having a large stock of DRY LUMBER on hand, we are prepared to furnish all descriptions of Dressed Lumber for Building, &c., at Lowest Market Rates.
Flooring, Sash, Doors and Mouldings constantly on hand.
All work put into Dry House before keying up. Scroll Sawing and Resawing done with dispatch.
Boxes made to order. TF

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Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

All orders punctually attended to.

GET NONE BUT A

GROVER & BAKER,

It is the best for all purposes. Call at
no9 105 FIFTH STREET.

NOTICES.

PITTSB'H, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.'S OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT,
PITTSBURGH, April 27, 1867.

☞ PURSUANT TO A RESOLUTION adopted at a meeting of the Shareholders and Bondholders of this Company, held at Pittsburgh, March 20th ult., notice is hereby given that an adjourned meeting of the Shareholders will be held at Pittsburgh, May 25th proximo, at 12 M., to consider such detailed estimates as may be submitted by the Board of Directors for additional equipment and permanent improvements to be made to the Railway, and also to determine upon the question of increasing the capital stock for the purpose of raising the necessary means for paying for such equipment and improvements.

The transfer books will close on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., at 2 P. M., and re-open on MONDAY, the 27th inst., at 10 A. M.

JAMES S. CRAFT,
Chairman of Stockholders' Meeting.
W. CASS, President.

☞ NOTICE TO COLLECTORS FOR SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.—In compliance with a resolution adopted by the Soldiers' Monument Association at its last meeting, I request that the subscription books now in the hands of Collectors, be returned to me on or before Wednesday, the 15th inst.

JAMES PARK, Jr., Treasurer,
122 Second street.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, May 10, 1867.

☞ DIVIDEND—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank, have declared a DIVIDEND of SIX PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after Monday next, 13th inst. Government tax paid.

JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

☞ BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION to the capital stock of the Monongahela Railroad Company will be opened at the Monongahela House, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of June, and will continue open for three days. J. L. Vanvoorhis, L. M. Speer, Samuel Walker, Henry R. Hays, John Walker, Jr., Robt. Robison, W. E. Frazer, Jr., B. B. Coursin, John E. Shaffer, R. G. Mullin.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, May 9th, 1867.

☞ NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company corner Canal and Pike sts, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, MAY 31st, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to take action on Supplement to the Charter of the Company, approved April 11th, 1867.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS President.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, Pa., May 7, 1867.

☞ THE DIRECTOR OF THIS Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. on the capital, from the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst. The United States revenue tax will be paid by the Bank.

H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, Pa., May 7, 1867.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 14th inst., the Bank assuming the Government tax.

J. E. BRADY, Jr., Cashier.

☞ JAMES P. HANNA THIS DAY retires from the firm of Ira B. McVay & Co., and JAMES A. McVAY and ALFRED BURGESS are admitted; style of firm same as heretofore.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1867. 1f

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

The Daily Commercial

[illegible] Pens and Ink.

The [illegible] needle, pen was never used [illegible] on papyrus or parchment. The unsightly modern who in odious [illegible] instrument of torture designed to rit at his desk with noth[illegible]ng but steel pens during a wretched [illegible]ortality. The age of [illegible]ry is gone, and the [illegible]on age has succeeded it. The [illegible]andle it pen was made of the Egyptian reed cut down to a point split exactly like the quill, and thence called [illegible]lovent-stone. The ink most commonly used was black, and some of it—the Egyptian ink—was so excellent and durable, that letters, hieroglyphs, and figures, traced more than five-and-twenty centuries ago, have the freshness and [illegible] loss of yesterday. The inkstands, some of which have been found in Pompeii, were made [illegible] much like our own, and black, and round or [illegible] exagonal. Once was discovered at Herculaneum, containing ink, which, though somewhat thick, could still be used for writing. The inks of the ancients are thought to have resembled [illegible]ntera ink and not to have been so flowing as [illegible]ose now in use. The Roman satirist Persius, [illegible]escribes an author who attributed the sluggish [illegible]urrent of his ideas to the thickness of his ink —a natural delusion, which every one in the habit of writing must have experienced. From [illegible] knowledge in the actual details in the preparation and materials of Greek books we have [illegible] depend on Egypt, and the buried cities of Herculaneum and Pompeii.

In Egypt, the use of paper rolls written in [illegible]eroglyphic, hyeratic, or demotic characters [illegible]ates from a very remote period. The copy of [illegible]e Book of the Dead, published by Lepsius, is supposed by him to belong to the fiftieth century before Christ. Fragments of manuscripts, contracts and documents in Greek, and of Greek poets, have been sold in considerable numbers, belonging to the Ptolemean period, and dating three centuries before Christ. These are obtained [illegible]osite taken from the tombs which, built in [illegible]e solid rock and free from the slightest moisture, preserved them until the monuments were [illegible]pened in the course of modern researches. [illegible]very recently, numerous and important fragments of an oration of Hypereides against [illegible]emosthenes—one often mentioned by the ancients, but supposed to be irrevocably lost—have been found in a collection of old papyri, and published. Two libraries, containing a considerable number of manuscripts—one [illegible] a villa in the neighborhood of Herculaneum, [illegible]nother in the house called that of the Tragic Poet of Pompeii—have restored a large amount of lost literature. These rolls or volumes, though retaining their original shape, are nearly reduced to coal, and can be opened only by the nicest care and the most skillfully devised means. Several have been successfully unrolled and published—among the rest, a treatise on Music by Philodemus, a Greek author contemporary with Cicero.—*Fulton's Lectures on Greece.*

IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY.—At the annual meeting of the Swedish Academy of Science, M. Nordenskiold announced that a discovery of great importance to geological science had been made in the hill of Nullaberg, in Sweden. A large deposit of bituminous gneiss, forty-three metres in thickness, has been found imbedded in layers of gneiss and mica schist. It is composed, in addition to feldspar, quartz and mica, of a black substance like coal, containing carbonated hydrogen—in fact, a real organic substance, formed of the remains of ants or animals covering with the deposit. It is added that there could be no doubt as to the antiquity and geological situation of the strata of Nullaberg; infiltration was impossible. The difference was that the crystalline stratified rocks of Scandinavia were formed when there existed animated creatures, but at a time long anterior to the period when life is supposed to have first existed on the earth.

PARTIES familiar in gold mining in California, who have just returned from North Carolina, assure the Washington *Chronicle* that there are good gold mines in the latter as in the former State, and can be made fully as profitable if worked with the same skill and perseverance. There is, they affirm, hardly a county in the counties of Moore, Randolph, Montgomery, Davidson, Cobarrus and Stanley, which will not yield gold by "panning" the soils from its beds. The same is true of parts of Mecklenburg, Union, Lincoln, Catawba, Rutherford, Burke, Henderson and other counties in the old North State.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says that the following price is to be seen on a house in the west division of that city:

"This house $40 per month—two parlors, dining rooms, with closets. The whole in a wretched condition; the MELONS worse than paper in parlors torn and smoky, that of the dining-room entirely falling off. The landlord makes no repairs, not even a pane of glass. No gas; very cold in winter. A backway for fuel but none for groceries. This is to save questions and pull-pulling. No one shown through the house."

A NOBLE DOG.—The body of an unknown female was found on April 3d, about four leagues from the shore on the ice on the Northern coast of Newfoundland, by some fishermen in search of seals. She lay with her face on the ice, being quite dead, and a dog was lying across her back. The men found the greatest difficulty in driving the dog away from the body. Having [illegible]ed gentle means first, one of them kicked him, but the dog caught hold of the man's boot and pierced it through with his teeth. They [illegible]last succeeded in driving the animal off with [illegible]eating gaff, or pole, when they took the body [illegible] shore.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ METCALFES HONEY COUGH BALM. [illegible]re your children subject to the Croup? Remember [illegible]comes like a thief in the night. If you value their [illegible]yes keep a bottle of this wonderful medicine in the house. The dose is small and it never fails to effect [illegible]cure. JOSEPH FLEMING, Agent, 84 Market street.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Boils, Pimples Tumors, &c. The pernicious nostrums advertised as Ointments are corrosive, mineral and vegetable extracts which not only destroy the skin but lay the basis of innumerable facial disorders and even partial paralysis of the nerves. Without the ancient consequences, Holloway's Ointment will perform all the cures which the others boast but fail to effect. Sold by all Druggists.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT—ULCERATED LEG.—Numerous individuals, who were for many years afflicted with old cancerous sores or ulcers on the legs, and had failed to procure a remedy either from private practice or public hospitals, have been speedily cured by a short course of these invaluable medicines. In all diseases of this nature the united action of the Pills and Ointment is required. Sold by all Druggists.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ISAAC TRESCOTT, 129 MAIN ST.,
SALEM, OHIO,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, PAPER STOCK,
WALL AND WINDOW PAPER,
Yankee Notions, Gold Pens,
General Stationery,
Fancy Soaps and Fancy Goods.
Also, General Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, containing the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the State. oct3

JOHN LINNENBRINK,
(near Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)
ROCHESTER, PA.
Dealer in
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.
Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cutlery Co., Rochester, Pa.
Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL.

SANITARIUM
FOR INEBRIATES.
INTEMPERANCE A DISEASE.
A limited number of patients can be accommodated at the New Sanitarium, at Media, near Philadelphia, Pa. Private apartments, Vapor and Medicated Baths, and every appliance to promote comfort and recovery.
Apply to JOSEPH PARRISH, M. D.,
No. 800 Arch street, Philadelphia.
DIRECTORS.
Jos. Parrish, M. D. Pres't. | John A. Wright,
J. M. Maris [illegible]y. Treas'r. | Samuel Parrish,
Jay Cooke, | Wistar Morris,
Joshua Woolston, Sec'y. | George Mullken,
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Treasurer—Provident Life and Trust Co.

HARRISON & BRO.,
FURNISH STONE FLAGS,
For Floors requiring the greatest durability; Garden Walks, Hearths, Pavements, &c. These Flags are from 1 1-2 to 4 inches thick, and having the control of the
LARGEST AND BEST QUARRY
In the West, we can supply them in any quantity and at a very reasonable rate. Also, dealers in FREEPORT and COMMON STONE.
Office Yard, corner BUTLER and BOUNDARY STREETS, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.

JAMES H. PARKER,
Pork Packer,
AND DEALER IN
BACON, LARD, S. C. HAMS, BEEF, AND CINCINNATI LARD OIL,
TF No. 309 Liberty st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

B. WOLFF JR. & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.,
Carpenters', Coopers', Blacksmiths' and Wagon-makers' Tools, constantly on hand. Also, Heavy Hardware. Corner Liberty and St. Clair streets.

FLOUR.
100 BBLS. EXTRA CHOICE WHITE WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR, Polar Star,
Specially for Families, for sale by
D. WALLACE,
No. 353 Liberty street.

JELLIES.
GUARA, CURRANT, APPLE, BLACKBERRY, PEACH, QUINCE AND ORANGE JELLIES,
for sale by
REYMER & BROS.

ROBERT CHRISTY,
GRAVEL ROOFER.
Office, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS, over National Bank of Commerce. T,TH,S

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....HARRY OVERINGTON.
IRRESISTIBLE ATTRACTION.
THE GREAT PRODUCTION—The Grand Romantic Magical Spectacle of the
BLACK CROOK.
IN ALL ITS SPLENDOR.
EVERY EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
J. CLINTON HALL, } Managers.
JOHN M. BURKE, }
GRAND INAUGURATION ON WEDNESDAY, May 15. The distinguished Scholar,
Mr. Jas. E. Murdoch,
As ALFRED EVELYN, in Bulwer's comedy of
MONEY,
CAST FROM THE
GREAT STAR STOCK COMPANY.
Secure your seats at Academy Box Office.
SATURDAY—Grand Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.
WM. HENDERSON.....LESSEE.
W. C. SMYTHE.....MANAGER.
GRAND LADIES' MATINEE,
AT HALF-PAST 2 AND THIS AFTERNOON.
THIS EVENING, an immense new bill, introducing the famous
CHARLEY WHITE COMBINATION
In an entirely new ensemble of Irristible Attraction.
Grand Ballet, Singing and Dancing.
Laughable Pantomime, Mirth-Moving Minstrelsy.
Concluding with the sensational play of THE VICTIM, or, Richard the Third on a Lark, introducing the entire Company.
Matinee every Saturday Afternoon.

VARIETIES THEATER.
To-night, the nonsensical burlesque called the BLACK COOK; the Magical Transformation Scene; the glittering Palace of Dew Drops; the Demon Dance; the Black Cook Gallop.
First appearance of the favorite Comic Vocalist, TOM VANCE.
Signorita Lopez, Mast, George, M'lle. Laurent, and the entire company in a splendid bill.

1776. GLORIOUS FOURTH OF JULY. 1867.
Look out for the
GREAT NATIONAL FESTIVAL.
Balloon Exhibitions, Illuminations, Torch Light Processions, Indian Cavalcade, Magnificent Union Fountain, &c. &c.
JNO. M. KINNEY, Business Manager.
☞ See future advertisements, bills and programmes. tf

THE
ALLEGHENY FAIR
IS NOW OPEN
Every Night,
ON WASHINGTON STREET.

M'FARLAND'S GROVE.
Parties desirous of procuring McFARLAND'S GROVE for Picnics, &c., will apply at No. 6 Smithfield street, to
M. O'HARA, or
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CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERAY,
63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills pasted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" Office, 1 rout by the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

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PIANOS,
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AT VERY LOW PRICES BY
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
NO. 160 SMITHFIELD STREET, two doors above Sixth.
First-class PIANOS from $325 upwards.
Superior MELODEONS from $50 upwards.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRIMMINGS and STRINGS.
TEN PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN IN OTHER MUSIC STORES.

CHAS. B. BARR. HERMAN T. KNAKE. WM. L. BUETTLER
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
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No. 12 St. Clair Street.
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The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. no17

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ORTLIEB & CO.,
No. 177 LACOCK STREET,
Bet. Federal and Sandusky sts., Allegheny city, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
IN ALL KINDS OF
Furniture.
Having recently enlarged our establishment, we are prepared to furnish our friends and the public in general with a CHOICE ARTICLE OF
Self-Manufactured Furniture,
Of every description, at the Lowest Cash Prices. All orders received will be promptly attended to.
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FURNITURE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,
Practical Furniture Manufacturers,
Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Constantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and fashionable FURNITURE. All our work is made by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

CRESCENT
Paper Collar Company,
BOSTON,
MANUFACTURE THE
Most Popular Collars Now in Use,
And for Ease, Elegance of Fit, and Strength of Material are Unsurpassed.
Sold by Selling Agents for Pittsburgh, Pa.
"CRESCENT" and "GIPSEY," enamelled.
"LINEN FINISH," which, being water-proof, are taking the lead of all others.
"CLIPPER," "IMPROVED," "——MEDAL," —and "SHAKESPEARE."
Dr. Charles T. Jackson, State Assayer, having certified our Collars "*free from all harmful ingredients,*" BUY NO OTHERS.
For sale by dealers generally.
F. A. HAWLEY & CO., Manufacturers' Selling Agents and Importers of Men's Furnishing Goods, 13 Otis and 24 Arch streets, Boston.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
TTHS Selling Agents for Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRODUCE—
50 boxes Sweet Oranges,
32 packages White Fish,
25 packages No. 3 Mackerel,
25 boxes W. R. Cheese,
1,000 bush Oats,
200 bush Corn,
2½ bbls Roll Butter,
STURGEON BROS.

JAMES McNALLY,
51 HAND STREET,
Would beg to call the attention of the public and trade to his large and well assorted stock of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., all in the latest spring styles. Irish Linens, Diapers, Towellings, &c. Tailors and others would find it to their advantage to give him a call.

TO BUSINESS MEN.—A RELIABLE PERSON of experience as Book-keeper and Salesman, desires a
PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT,
Either in this city or East. Reference such as desired. Address, "WARREN," Box 49, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
Constantly on hand; quality warranted. Liberal inducements to parties buying in lots.
W. M. GORMLY,
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MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS' *INSURANCE COMPANY,* OF PITTSBURGH.
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INSURES STEAMBOATS and CARGOES, BUILDINGS, FURNITURE AND MERCHANDISE, On the most Favorable Terms.
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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....$500,000
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Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
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E. S. WINSTON, President.
ASSETS OVER $17,500,000, AND EXCLUSIVELY CASH.
ANNUAL DIVIDENDS
Available Immediately, to Increase the Insurance or Reduce the Premium at the Option of the Assured.
Policy holders and other persons interested in the subject of LIFE INSURANCE are invited to call on the undersigned, Agents of the Company, who will cheerfully give them full information as to the merits and practical working of the Company.
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WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
Capt. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by citizens who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
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PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.
Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
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CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Gulf.
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Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogeny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.
jy28

G. S. BRYAN. JOHN A. CAUGHEY.
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WHOLESALE DEALERS AND
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IN EASTERN AND WESTERN
PRODUCE,
FLOUR, BARLEY, RYE, OATS, HAY, FEED, POTATOES, APPLES, ONIONS, POULTRY, GAME, &c. &c.
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Commission Merchant,
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Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.
L. B. VOIGT. DANIEL SHUPE.
L. B. VOIGT & CO.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
237 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Receive and sell all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Purchase on orders at the lowest Market price, all kinds of Pittsburgh manufactured goods, and every description of Merchandise.

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THOMAS M. MARSHALL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CORNER FIFTH AND GRANT STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, to me directed, I will expose at public sale, at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, May 28th, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., Lot No. "1" in the plan of Harry Woods's Farm, in Scotch Bottom, Peebles township, County aforesaid, laid out by H. B. Wilkins, Esq. Said lot contains about Five Acres and One Hundred and Sixteen Perches, and adjoins lands of William Watson, and fronts on the Pittsburgh and Braddock's Field Plank Road. The location of the above land is beautiful, and it has upon it a splendid, never failing spring of water. Terms cash. Purchaser to pay for title papers.
JOS. M. LIPPINCOTT,
T Guardian, &c.

PRODUCE.
50 boxes Factory Cheese;
50 boxes W. R. Cheese;
25 boxes Goshen Cheese;
100 cases Can Fruit,
Peaches, Tomatoes, Green Corn, Green Peas, &c.
100 bush Dried Peaches; 50 bush Dried Apples, &c., in store and for sale by
VAN GORDER & SHEPARD,
TTHS No. 360 Liberty street.

HORSES,
CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES,
Of the very best for Hire, at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First street, near Monongahela House.
Great attention paid to buying and selling Horses. Horses kept at livery.

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the
GROVER & BAKER
No. 1 and No. 9 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at
No. 105 FIFTH STREET.

CHLOROFORM.
150 LBS. FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
cod Corner Wood and First streets.

RAILROADS.

ERIE & PITTSBURGH RAILroad.—On and after MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1867, trains will run on this road as follows:
LEAVE ERIE—SOUTHWARD.
10.25 A. M., PITTSBURGH EXPRESS, stops at all stations, and connects at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 2:05 P. M., at New Castle at 3:45 P. M., and at Pittsburgh at 6:45 P. M.
5.10 P. M., ACCOMMODATION, arrives at Sharon at 12 M.
4.20 P. M., ACCOMMODATION from Jamestown, arrives at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 5:00 A. M., at New Castle at 7:00 A. M., and Pittsburgh at 10:00 A. M.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH—NORTHWARD.
6.00 A. M. ERIE EXPRESS, leaves New Castle at 8:45 A. M., A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer, at 10:20 A. M., and arrives at Erie at 1:30 P. M., making close connection for Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
3.30 P. M. ACCOMMODATION leaves New Castle at 6:40 P. M., A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 8:30 P. M., and arrives at James town at 9:15 P. M.
Accommodation leaves Sharon at 4:00 P. M., arrives at Erie at 11.35 P. M.
Way passengers will be carried on freight trains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
Trains connect as follows with the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad at Transfer:
Pittsburgh Express South connects with Mail West for all points at 2:05 P. M. Erie Express North, connects with Mail East, for Meadville, Oil City and the oil Regions at 10:20 A. M. Pittsburgh Accommodation South, connects with Accommodation West, for Warren, Cleveland and Ravenna, Ohio. Franklin Express North, makes close connection both East and West.
Trains connect at Rochester with trains for Wheeling and the West Virginia, and at Pittsburgh connections for Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, via the Pennsylvania Railroad.
Erie Express North, connects at Girard with Cleveland and Erie trains Westward for Cleveland, Chicago, and all points in the West; at Erie with Philadelphia & Erie Railroad for Corry, Warren, Irvington, Tidioute, &c., and with Buffalo & Erie Railroad for Buffalo, Dunkirk, Niagara Falls and New York City.
J. J. LAWRENCE,
Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH,
Columbus and Cincinnati R. R.
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
Trains leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:
CHANGE OF TIME. On and after Sunday, April 28th:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Fast Line	9:45 a m	10:05 p m
Wakers Accom	11:00 a m	1:1 p m
Express	2:20 p m	10:30 a m
Mail	2:05 a m	6:45 p m
Mixed	6:10 a m	6:30 p m
Steubenville Accom'n.	3:35 p m	10:05 a m
McDonald's Accom'n.	3:35 p m	9:40 a m

The 9:45 A. M. Train arrives in Cincinnati at 10 P. M. same evening, 7½ hours in advance of other lines.
No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.
Through Passenger Tickets be obtained at the Office of the Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, UNION DEPOT (South Side).
M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN H. MILLER,
General Eastern Agent.

1867. THE PITTSBURGH, 1867.
Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. W.,
AND
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.
Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Exp.	2:00 a m	Chicago Ex.	2:10 a m
Cleveland Ex.	2:00 a m	Cleveland Ex.	2:30 a m
Erie & Cin Ex	6:00 a m	Chicago Ex.	10:45 a m
C. & Wheeling	6:00 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:25 a m
Chicago Mail.	6:45 a m	Chicago Ex.	3:40 p m
Chicago Ex.	9:30 a m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	3:30 p m
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	2:00 p m	Erie & Ygn. Ex	6:40 p m
Chicago Ex.	2:15 p m	Chicago Ex.	9:30 p m
Wheeling Ex.	4:35 p m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	9:30 p m

Depart from Allegheny. Arrive in Allegheny.

N. Br'n Acc.	8:15 a m	N. Br'n Acc.	6:30 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:00 a m	N. Br'n Acc.	8:35 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	11:40 a m	Wellsville Ac.	9:10 a m
Rochester Ac.	1:20 p m	N. Castle Ac.	10:00 a m
Wells'v'le & C Ac	3:30 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	11:05 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	4:50 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	1:05 p m
N. Br'n Acc.	5:30 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	4:10 p m
N. Br'n Acc.	6:15 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	7:00 p m

☞ 10.15 A. M. Chicago Express arrives daily.
☞ 2.15 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after April 8th, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

	Arrive.	Depart.
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 2	3:20 a m	Mail Train	9:30 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 3	9:50 a m
Wall's No. 4	8:30 a m	Cincinnati Ex.	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:20 a m	Wall's No. 5	1:30 p m
Johnstown ac.	10:10 a m	Johnstown Ac.	3:30 p m
Phila. Express	1:50 p m	Wall's No. 6	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil. Express	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	4:30 p m	Wall's No. 7	5:05 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 8	6:05 p m
Pacific Ex.	7:00 p m	Fast Line	10:20 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emig't train	10:35 p m	Wall's No. 9	10:30 p m

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Trains arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.
The Clinton Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 10.15 A. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10.00 A. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12.50 A. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2.00 P. m.
NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only and for an amount not exceeding $100.
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after APRIL 28th, 1867, the Passenger trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale Ac.	6:50 a m	Mail	6:30 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:25 a m	Sharpsburg No. 1	7:30 a m
Sharpsburg No. 1	9:40 a m	Freeport No. 1	8:05 a m
Express	10:50 a m	Sharpsburg No. 2	11:40 a m
Sharpsburg No. 2	1:10 p m	Express	3:05 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springdale No. 1	3:05 p m
Mail	6:10 p m	Sharpsburg No. 3	6:10 p m
Sharpsburg No. 3	8:35 p m	Freeport No. 3	6:00 p m
Springdale No. 2	7:05 p m	Springdale No. 2	7:30 p m

☞ 10.50 A. M. Express train daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 11 A. M., reaching Springdale at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1.40 p. m. Allegheny Junction at 3:40 p. m.
Commutation Tickets for sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at those points on tickets.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown, may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
The Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. Baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
For further information apply at Depot to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Change of Time.
On and after WEDNESDAY, April 17, 1867, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

	Leave Pitts'gh.	Arrive.
First Kiskiminetas	6:30 a m	11:30 a m
Mail (to & from Manoning)	7:30 a m	7:30 p m
First Soda Works Accom.	9:40 a m	6:00 p m
Second Kiskiminetas Ac.	12: 0 p m	6:30 p m
Express	3:15 p m	10:45 a m
Second Soda Works Ac.	5:30 p m	8:35 p m
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1.00 p m	2:30 a m

Express, North, makes close connection at Manoning, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.
Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.
H. BLACKSTONE,
Superintendent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE
TO THE EAST.
SHORTEST & FASTEST LINE
Between Pittsburgh and New York,
VIA HARRISBURG, READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.
☞ SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS. ☜
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3.10 and 11.00 A. M., 4.20 and 10.15 P. M. On Sundays 11.00 A. M.
Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9.00 A. M., 5.00 and 8.00 P. M.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown.	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
Express " "	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom.	5:45 p m	8:30 a m
First McKeesport Accom.	11:00 a m	6:30 a m
" "	10:00 p m	4:05 p m
Braddock's " "	4:10 p m	5:45 p m
Sunday Church train to and from West Newton.	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

Fortickets apply to
mh8th W. H. STOUT, Sup't.

BREWERS.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
BREWERS,
MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS.
SUCCESSORS TO
JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburgh.
WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny.
The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our
Celebrated Ales and Porter,
Which we guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade. Our
INDIA ALE
Has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,
JOSEPH SPENCER.....JAMES M'KAY
SPENCER & M'KAY,
Malsters and Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. aug1-1y

HOLIDAY GOODS.
ALL KINDS OF
BRONZE, GILT, CUT AND GLASS
Carbon Oil Lamps,
CHANDELIERS,
Lamp Trimmings, &c.
Also, warranted NON-EXPLOSIVE CARBON OIL, wholesale and retail.
JOHN

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

SOLDIERS' LEAGUE.—A meeting of the League will be held at their hall, No. 73 Federal street, Allegheny, this evening.

OFFERED TO TRAVEL.—The eastern portion of the Market street sewer having been finished, that thoroughfare, from Liberty to Fifth streets, is now open to travel.

PERSONAL.—Gideon Pillow, late Major General, C. S. A., was in the city yesterday, and stopped at the Monongahela House. He left during the afternoon for the West.

TAKEN OVER.—Samuel Weil, who was convicted in the United States District Court last week, of passing counterfeit money, and sentenced to four years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary, was conducted to his new quarters yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Gillespie.

THE ALUMNI MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Alumni of the Pittsburgh Female College will be held at the College Building this afternoon at half-past two o'clock, instead of Thursday afternoon, as incorrectly stated yesterday.

PATENTS ISSUED.—The following patents were issued to Pittsburghers from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending May 7th, 1867, each bearing that date: Marshall D. Wellman, of Pittsburgh, four for fire places. Edward Bourne, of Pittsburgh Pa., for improvement in steam generators.

THE PRIZE HOSE CARRIAGE.—Capt. B. F. Jennings received a telegraphic dispatch from Philadelphia yesterday, informing him that the beautiful prize hose carriage, intended for the Soldiers' Monument Fund, was shipped from that city yesterday morning, and would reach here this morning.

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SANITARIUM FOR INEBRIATES.—Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column, offering treatment for the inebriate and habitual intemperance. The New Sanitarium at Media, near Philadelphia, is under the direction of Dr. Joseph Parrish, a skillful medical practitioner, and whose name is intimately associated with some of the most important of the humanitary institutions of the State. The great success attending the establishment of inebriate asylums in the New England States, and a large number of supposed hopeless inebriates being annually returned to their families and society through their efforts, the promoters of the present Sanitarium at Media, and under the skillful management of Dr. Parrish and his accomplished assistants, similar results are hoped for from it.

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THE COURTS.

Calendar for This Day.

COMMON PLEAS.

No. 30. Solomon Simon v. Union Express Co.
No. 37. W. F. Davis et ux vs. M. A. Arnholt.
No. 38. Robert Bell vs. Western Transportation Company.
No. 26. Ed. McGinnis vs. Robert Douglass.
No. 36. J. W. Vance vs. Daniel O'Neal & Son.
No. 1. Allegheny City vs. C. C. Smith.
No. 2. Marshall Cooper vs. Allegheny City.
No. 3. Robert Finney vs. W. H. Brown.
No. 4. Saml. Wightman vs. E. Hyde's exr.
Railroad Co.
No. 115. H. J. Lyle vs. Jeremiah Wilson.
No. 136. James Gordon et al. vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
No. 63. J. G. Davis vs. John McCall.
No. 66. J. G. Davis vs. John P. Sabina.
No. 67. J. G. Davis vs. Hery Schamlihaugh.
No. 130. G. H. Anderson vs. Wm. Metwon.
No. 132. B. F. Rynd vs. Andrew G. Marks.
No. 139. S. J. Cristys, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Co.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Hampton.

The case of Joseph Fleming vs. H. Darlington & Co., previously reported, went to the jury yesterday morning, but a verdict had not been returned at adjournment.

The following jurors to serve on Committee and Inspection was selected: Eagle—George Wilson; Allegheny—J. C. Donaldson; Duquesne—W. C. Murphy; Keystone—Andrew Christmanstein; Independent—Irwin; Vigilant—R. M. Kincaid; Good Intent—M. Wallace; Ridge—Wm. Hamilton; Independent—J. M. McKee.

John Laping was nominated for Messenger and duly elected.

The Association then adjourned.

Monongahela House Billiard Rooms.

The recreation of Billiards has become very popular in Pittsburgh of late years, and of all the games of amusement this has the strongest hold upon the masses. This is nature, as the game combines physical exercise with mental excitation, and schools the hand in the most delicate manipulations that it is capable of.

The great want in Pittsburgh has been a genteel establishment, where ladies and gentlemen of the best attention might be found. This is eminently the case in the new rooms of the Monongahela House.

The rooms are furnished with the Phelan Tables, which the latest improvements, and having opened but a short time, the proprietors have on hand at present already a new stock of balls. The tables have all been re-cushioned since and are in splendid perfect tune. In short, this is the most fashionable and really comfortable place in the city for billiard playing.

Mr. Wm. M. Hodin, the Superintendent, is the most popular young man in the city, and has by a real genuine desire to do business with him, except that we have no desire to encounter him at billiards short of ten hundred as we should be sure to get beat. For nothing else, our readers should drop in to see "William" double-discomfiting the boys who think they can play.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The "Black Crook" was witnessed last evening by another crowded audience, the inclemency of the weather seeming to have no effect upon it. The performance passed off very smoothly, the company evidently striving to do credit. The play will be repeated to-night.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—A glance at the box-sheet yesterday indicates that the inauguration of the Hamlin season at the Academy of Music to-morrow evening will be participated in by a large and fashionable audience. Mr. Murdoch and Mr. C. D. Hess will arrive to-day.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.—Charlie White's Combination continues to draw crowded audiences to the large saloons. "The Demon Dance" is a first class affair, and abounds in funny situations. It will be repeated this evening.

VARIETIES.—The "Black Crook," a very funny burlesque, was presided last evening, and created quite a sensation. It is a good take-off on the "Black Crook," and excites a little merriment. It will be performed again this evening.

MASONIC HALL.—The Good Intent Dramatic Association will give a complimentary testimonial to "Little Eva," at Masonic Hall, this evening. The entertainment will comprise the music of

"Ten Nights in a Bar-Room," in which Little Eva will appear as Mary Morgan, and the farce of "Loan of a Lover." Miss Eva Phillips is spoken of to make her last appearance on any stage, appearing as "Gertrude." The Great Western Band will furnish the music.

THE Pittsburgh Local Express Company, office No. 54, Fifth street, delivers Freight and Baggage to any part of the City, Allegheny City, or Boroughs, at very low rates.

DON'T FORGET that C. S. Herron, No. 186 Wood street, keeps constantly on hand the finest brands of Tobacco and Segars, at wholesale and retail, that can be obtained in the city. Call and give our Segars a trial. They cannot be excelled anywhere. Try our Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best in the market.

THE REAL GENUINE CABINET CARTE PHOTOGRAPHS, only at B. L. H. Dabbs' Gallery, Nos. 46 and 48 St. Clair street.

IF JEFFERSON DAVIS had ordered a suit of clothes from H. Oppenheimer & Co., No. 83 Wood street, prior to leaving Fortress Monroe for the city of Richmond, the Cabinet at Washington would have decided that Jeff. was disposed to adopt *loyal habits*, and should be encouraged. H. Oppenheimer & Co. are furnishing the most desirable spring and summer garments to order that can be had in this section of the country.

ROSSTON'S YEAST POWDER is contained in neat air tight tin boxes. No yeast or baking powder will keep in paper packages. Housekeepers bear this important fact in mind. Use only Rosston's. It is the best in the market. Send to your grocer for it. Try it.

LISLE THREAD UNDERSHIRTS at Putnam & House's, No. 72 Fifth street.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.—Go to Wilson & Underwood for your Teas and Family Groceries. No. 15 Southwest Diamond, Allegheny.

MAGNUM BONUM.—Dr. Holmes's Celebrated Sanitary Tonic is now ranked as the most invigorating medicine of this class extant. It has effectually cured its thousands of Dyspepsia, Acidity of the Stomach, Costiveness, etc. It is enjoying an unprecedented demand, for sale by all respectable druggists. Be sure to ask for Dr. Holmes's Sanitary Tonic.

SUMMER SILK UNDERSHIRTS at Putnam & House's, No. 72 Fifth street.

"'TIS NOT FOR MAN TO TRIFLE! Life is brief,
Our age is but the falling of a leaf:
We have no time to waste, but use the hours—
All must be earnest in a world like ours.
Not many lives, but only one have we,
How solemn should that one life be."

Mishler's Herb Bitters. Sold by all druggists. Branch House, No. 26 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

"Bright as the sun her eyes all gazers strike,
And like the sun they shine on all alike;
That graceful ease, that sweetness void of pride,
Might hide her faults, if belles had faults to hide,
If she her share some slander could not fail,
Look to her glorious hair, and you'll forget them all."

She probably uses "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative," which is an infallible remedy for premature grey hairs, baldness, and most of the ills that hair is heir to. A most elegant toilet article that none should be without.

HANDSOME and cheap artificial flowers at Abel & Co's., 54 St. Clair street.

COD LIVER OIL.—The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers upon the sea shore; it is pronounced by Cod Liver Oil manufactured by Caswell, Mack & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. MW*

IF YOU want your baggage delivered to any of the depots or steamboats at reasonable rates, leave your orders at the office of the Pittsburgh Local Express Company, 54 Fifth street.

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

THE RICHEST TOILET ARTICLES at R. S. Breed & Co.'s, No. 100 Wood street.

THE BLACK CROOK.—The rush continues—the excitement increases—the new novelties will appear in rapid succession. The Demon Dance introduced to-morrow night. Secure seats in advance.

CONSTITUTION WATER is a *certain cure* for *Diabetes* and all *diseases* of the *Kidneys* and *Bladder*. For sale by all Druggists. cod

IF PERSONS arriving by any of the trains or boats, will take the trouble to bring their checks for their baggage to the office of the Pittsburgh Local Express Company, 54 Fifth street, they will save time and money and have their baggage delivered promptly.

FROM JOHN B. SNEAD, ESQ., BOAT BUILDER.—I have been suffering for twelve years with scrofula, general debility, a severe affection of the throat, &c. I became alarmed in regard to it. After persistent trials of numberless remedies that failed, I placed myself under the care of the Indian Herb Doctor, of 194 Liberty street. His medicine was to me worth many times its weight in gold. J. B. SNEAD,
Freedom, Pa.

The Doctor's office is No. 194 Liberty street.

ONE OF THE CHEAPEST AND BEST Wholesale and Retail Family Grocery Stores in the two cities is Wilson & Underwood's, No. 15 Southwest Diamond, Allegheny.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GARMENTS and tailoring goods for Gentlemen and Youths, also furnishing goods, including all the novelties, at R. Mitchell's, Merchant Tailor, No. 91 Federal street, Allegheny.

BUY YOUR SUGARS CHEAP at Wilson & Underwood's, No. 15 South West Diamond, Allegheny.

ANGOLA WOOL UNDERSHIRTS at Putnam & House's, No. 72 Fifth street.

THE BEST YEAST OR BAKING POWDER, is Clayton & Davidson's. Ask your Grocer for it. This Baking powder is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Manufactory corner of Penn and St. Clair streets.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!! at Yagles, No. 2 Diamond, west side, Allegheny.

DEXTER'S UNCLE.—Star Henry will be exhibited on Monday, May 20th, during the exhibition. All persons wishing to improve their breeds of horses would do well to call and see him, as he will remain at the Oakland Park this season. For style, speed and beauty, he cannot be surpassed in this country.

CATLIN'S Sash Supporter at 24 Fifth street, up stairs. cod

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Messrs. Duncan & Hugus have just opened their new extensive and well stocked wholesale dry goods house, at Nos. 53 and 55 Wood street, near the St. Charles Hotel. This is an enterprising firm which will sell their goods as reasonablyas any other house in the city, and who are eminently worthy of the patronage of our country merchants and all others, and we recommend all such to give them an early call. Their stock is not only large, but well selected. Special inducements are offered in these goods, prints, brown and bleached sheetings, white goods, tickings, tweeds, cottonades, cloths, cassimeres, notions, &c. All goods are bought for cash at this house and therefore can be sold at the very lowest cash rates. We refer the reader to the card stating a fact to our readers which they will do well to bear in mind. We hope that all the country merchants in this region will not fail to call on Messrs. Duncan & Hugus and examine their goods and price list. Such a visit will be well repaid.

An Editor's Piano.

We have just learned that the superb Square Grand Steinway Piano, with the rich embellishments so charmed the audience on the occasion of Mr. Tetedoux's late concert, has passed into the possession of a lately married contemporary—our neighbor across the street. If heretofore we have entertained any doubt of that gentleman's musical taste, the purchase of that fine Steinway dispels it entirely, and his future dissertations on the fine arts will gather peculiar force from the fact. We applaud and envy him.

The Messrs. Kleber, by the way, will have to levy heavy contributions on the mammoth Steinway Grand if they would fully supply the unparalleled demand for those big American instruments.

All the World Over!

There are but few spots on our globe where HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are not known; and, when known, appreciated.

In the UNITED STATES and BRITISH AMERICA it has become a household word. As a protective against malaria, epidemic fevers, Fever and Ague, and other diseases, produced by miasmatic influences, it stands far ahead of all other preparations, and is so considered by the most eminent physicians of the day.

In SOUTH and CENTRAL AMERICA, MEXICO and WEST INDIES it has obtained a firm hold on the minds of the people, and is implicitly relied upon as a safeguard and sure remedy for the many malarious diseases incident to those tropical regions.

In AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND, and adjacent islands, its progress has been enormous. Merchants, Miners, Farmers, Manufacturers and Squatters, all endorse it. Thousands already has it saved from the pernicious effects of miasma arising from the low swampy grounds and unhealthy rivers of those climes.

In CHINA and the EAST INDIES it is working its way with rapid strides, and is extensively used in the hospitals.

In Central and Interior Europe, even, its influences is being felt; and the day is not far distant when

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

will become in the old world what it now is in the new—a never-failing joy to the afflicted.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

To. Jenkins, 600 barrels flour, 1 car corn, 3 barrels apples; F. H. Myers & Co., 100 barrels flour; S. Hasbrook, 100 barrels flour; Lee, Shriver & Co., 105 barrels flour; Hunt, Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co., 100 barrels flour; Graham & Bro., 100 barrels flour; Wm. Phillips, 50 barrels wheat; S. Ewart & Co., 100 barrels flour; Hawkins & Co., 100 barrels flour; Wm. Eichbaum, 100 barrels flour; A. Lang, 200 barrels flour; Knox & Orr, 6 doz wheelbarrows; Jos. Woodwell, 100 bbls. flour; Wm. Arbuckles & Co., 5 doz tubs; J. D. Dravo, 15 doz pails; J. D. Thompson, 1 sack yarn; R. E. Sellers & Co., 1 bale rags; Graham & Bro., 1 bale rags; Wm. Tomlinson, 2 casks rivets, 8 bdls wire; H. Gerwig & Co., 1 bale rags; Dilworth & Porter, 1 bale rags; Brewer, Smith, Johnson & Co., 3 doz tubs; Survey, Reynolds & Co., 1 package; Wm. Eichbaum, 1 package; Dravo, McAloy & Spang, 2 boxes hardware; Camp, Hoye & Co., 1 barrel sugar; J. Bradley, 1 barrel dried apples; Wm. Arbuckles & Co., 10 packages corn, 25 sacks oats; W. H. Kirkpatrick & Co., 1 barrel whiskey; Hunt, Kirkpatrick & Co., 1 barrel sugar; A. & S. Mullen, 1 barrel sugar; Wm. Arbuckles & Co., 1 barrel sugar; Wm. Eichbaum, 1 barrel sugar; Wm. Arbuckles & Co., 5 doz buckets; J. D. Dravo, 15 doz pails; J. D. Thompson, 1 sack yarn; R. E. Sellers & Co., 1 bale rags; Graham & Bro., 1 bale rags; Wm. Tomlinson, 2 casks rivets, 8 bdls wire; H. Gerwig & Co.,